

Government of Manipur Department of Education (Schools)

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# Foreword

Education is a process of the child's holistic development. It is a continuous process by which a child is nurtured, enriched and empowered with knowledge and skills which enable her to develop optimally in all domains-physical, mental, psychological, creative, linguistic and spiritual. By providing a vibrant learning environment, the schools empower their students to interact with the outside world and face challenges with ease.

Each learner is unique and is proficient in a range of skills and competencies over a vast array of multiple intelligences.

Holistic development needs to focus on all dimensions including physical, mental, emotional, cognitive, social and spiritual. Schools as agents of socialization and change help to develop all these dimensions in a well-rounded manner.

Learning Enhancement Cards are unique in this aspect. They use multidisciplinary areas of cognition and integrate it with physical fitness activities. An activity involving jumping and running will not only help to develop speed and power but also to understand measurement and conversion concepts.

Each card addresses the Learning Outcomes of other subjects through cross-curricular links and these have been mapped out on the card.

LEC is a great resource for the teacher, student, parent or even an educator and a starting point which can lead to more exciting lesson plans.

The teacher who uses these cards effectively will definitely help to create physically fit and cognitively curious learners.

I hope that the teachers handling Class 1 -2 will find these cards useful and would be able to use the activities provided in a meaningful way. Any suggestions for further improvement are always welcome.





## The book includes:

- 1. Learning Enhancement Cards Grades 1-2
- 2. Learning Outcomes coding document
- 3. Learning Outcomes Matrix











Agility, Balance, Coordination: Walking on toes and heels

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety mea-<br>sures                             |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Walk on different pathways: straigline, circle, triangle and square.</li> <li>Balance an empty box on head whwalking along these pathways.</li> <li>Ask students to close their eyes arwalk along these pathways on the heels and then their toes.</li> <li>Walk in a zigzag pathway in and oplaced bottles (markers).</li> <li>Walk clockwise and anticlockwise</li> <li>Change direction, walk slowly, qualy, walk left and right.</li> </ul> | around objects while changing direction.  Understand and follow simple instructions in English.  Learn and differentiate between shapes.  Create basic layouts of the surroundings. | <ul> <li>Walk backwards.</li> <li>Combine walking forwards and backwards.</li> <li>Increase the speed of walk</li> <li>Walk and stop in a space on command.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles (as markers).</li> <li>Empty cartons or boxes.</li> <li>Notebooks and stationery items</li> </ul> | Use a grassy area or other non-slippery surface. |
|  | Cross Curricul  | lar Links  |  |  |
| English  | Mathamatics   | EVC  | T : 4 - C1   | cilla Enhanced                                   |

| English   | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Skills Enhanced   |
|---|--|---|--|
| Follow simple instructions • Follow simple instructions given by the teacher: e.g. 'walk in a straight line' 'walk clockwise'.  (1.L.1), (2.LS.5), (3.LS.5), (4.LS.3), (5.LS.3) | • Show the children a shape. Ask them to walk, making the shape with their footsteps. Use circle, square and triangle shapes. (1.3.1), (2.2.1) | <ul> <li>Creativity/Map Reading</li> <li>Ask the children to design a layout of their own classroom with the shapes which they have learnt through their shape walk activity.</li> <li>E.g. Rectangle -blackboard, doors, Circle − Dustbin, table)</li> <li>(3.5.1), (3.7.1,) (4.6.1), (4.8.1), (5.6.1), (5.7.1)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Creative Thinking</li> <li>Obedience</li> <li>Teamwork</li> </ul> |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Body awareness

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety mea-<br>sures                    |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Class activities</li> <li>Teach children to recognize the various parts of the body by asking them to touch their different body parts.</li> <li>Sing the song: 'If you're happy and you know it, clap your hands' The children perform the actions.</li> <li>Other verses: stamp your feet, tap your knees In groups</li> <li>Ask children to move on their hands and feet with tummy facing the ground and then on their hands and feet with back facing the ground. Teacher can also ask the children to move, using one hands and two feet.</li> <li>Play the game 'follow the leader'</li> <li>The team leader moves on different body parts. The rest of the team follows and copies what the team leader is doing.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Identify different body parts</li> <li>Move different body parts by themselves and while in groups.</li> <li>Enjoy poems and songs with actions, in English.</li> <li>Count the various numbers of body parts and understand their functions.</li> </ul> | with bottles for children  | Lime powder or recycled bottles (as markers).  | Watch out for<br>others when<br>moving. |
|   | Cross Curricula   | ır Links   |  |   |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life S   | kills Enhanced                          |
| <ul> <li>Recite and sing poems</li> <li>Combine singing with actions, emphasizing on using action words. E.g. clap, jump and hop. Use different rhymes and songs that are known to the children. (1.LS.4), (2.LS.1), (3.LS.1), (5.LS.2)</li> </ul>  | • When moving, count the number of body parts that are in contact with the ground. E.g. when moving on one hand and two feet the answer is 3. (1.1.1), (1.1.2)  | and you know it" The chi<br>will perform actions like 'noo<br>head', 'blink your eyes' 'toud<br>your knees' etc. | eg the song "if you are happy d you know it" The children ll perform actions like 'nod your ad', 'blink your eyes' 'touch ur knees' etc.  It we a class discussion on body erts involved in the song and |   |







Agility, Balance and Coordination: Body awareness

| Activities   | 1   | Use these Activities to:   |     | Variations   | Equipment   | Safety mea-<br>sures  |
|--|---|--|-----|--|---|---|
| <ul> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Move on hands and feet changing direction mand.</li> <li>Move using 2 hands and 1 foot, change to musing 2 hands and 2 feet with tummy upwardifferent combinations of hands and feet.</li> <li>In groups</li> <li>Place empty box on head and walk to a marback.</li> <li>Place the box on shoulder and walk to a marker at back.</li> <li>Place box on elbow and walk to a marker at Place a box between knees or elbows and with it.</li> <li>Push a ball with different body parts. E.g. helbow</li> <li>Carry an object with a partner using elbows back.</li> <li>Play the game 'Follow the leader'</li> <li>The team follows the leader who carries a backnosen body part.</li> </ul> | n on com- moving ards. Use  rker and  arker and  nd back. valk/jump  nand,  s, feet and | <ul> <li>Identify and name different body parts.</li> <li>Move different body parts by themselves and in combination.</li> <li>Balance objects on different body parts.</li> <li>Move objects with different body parts.</li> <li>Count and compare a definite number of objects.</li> <li>Understand basic concepts of directions.</li> </ul> | •   | Create zigzag pathways with recycled bottles (markers) for children to move between and around them. Place a box on other body parts and move to a point and back. E.g. put a box on stomach and use hands and feet to move to the marker. | <ul> <li>Variety of balls</li> <li>Empty boxes</li> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles (as markers)</li> <li>A chart showing basic directions (North, South, East and West)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Watch out for others when moving.</li> <li>Be careful when chasing after a ball or object that has rolled away.</li> </ul> |
|  |   | Cross Curricular Li  | ink | s  |   |   |
| English  |   | Mathematics  |     | EVS  |   | Life Skills En-<br>hanced   |
| Exposure to, and comprehension of spoken and written inputs  • Recognise and name the body parts that are being used. Recognise their spellings. (1.LS.5), (1.LS.7), (2.LS.5)  | child pick<br>stone, pic<br>of the act<br>number o                                      | e an activity is completed the ks up any object on the field (e ece of paper, leaf). At the end ivities the children count the of objects each one has and ma  |     |  | ccept of directions<br>st and West) by<br>to walk in a partic-<br>g. walk 5 five steps  | <ul><li>Self-awareness</li><li>Obedience</li><li>Problem solving</li></ul>  |





comparisons of 'more' and 'less'.

(1.1.5), (1.1.7), (1.1.8), (2.1.4)

'north' and 3 steps 'east')

(3.5.1)





# Agility, Balance and Coordination: Running and Jumping

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations   | Equipment   | Safety mea-<br>sures  |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Run forwards</li> <li>Run backwards.</li> <li>Run sideways.</li> <li>Jump: with feet together.</li> <li>Jump: one foot to the other foot (leaping)</li> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Run on the spot slowly and briskly.</li> <li>Jump or move to the count of 1,2,3,4 or drum beat or music.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Know the different parts of the leg involved in running</li> <li>Learn how to jump with feet together and from one foot to the other</li> <li>Run and jump safely in space.</li> <li>Familiarize children with the concept of time</li> <li>Learn to talk about self in English</li> <li>Introduce the concept of equality and sensitize children on cultural and religious diversity.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Run in straight lines, zigzags, in curves and around circles.</li> <li>Run around different shapes: straight, triangle and square.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lime powder or markers.</li> <li>Recycled bottles to create zigzag points</li> </ul> | Use a grassy area or other non-slippery surface.            |
|   | Cross Curricular   | Links  |   |   |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS  |   | Life Skills En-<br>hanced                                   |
| <ul> <li>Oral production of words and phrases</li> <li>List the name of the body parts being used (1.W.1) (3.LS.2) (4.LS.4)</li> <li>Use running and jumping actions to pick objects to match colours, numbers or letters (1.LS.1)</li> </ul>   | Qualitative understanding of time  • Discuss with children the time they took to complete each activity so that they begin to understand which activity they think takes 'the longest' and which one takes 'the shortest' span of time. (2.4.2)  | <ul> <li>Me and My surroundings</li> <li>Describe the functions of the body parts being used in this physical activity. Have a sensitization session on how 'all of us in the playground' are all humans (same body parts) irrespective of our skin color (fair/dark), class (rich/poor) and cultural or religious diversity. (3.9.1)</li> <li>Extended activity: In the classroom, play a word game regarding different body parts and their functions.</li> <li>(E.g. Body Part: E_E_ Function: E) (Eyes and See)</li> </ul> |   | <ul> <li>Empathy</li> <li>Emotional intelligence</li> </ul> |







# Agility, Balance and Coordination: Jumping and Hopping

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety mea-<br>sures   |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Class activities</li> <li>Individually, practice jumping and hoping on the spot; and while moving.</li> <li>Jump or hop to the count of 1,2,3,4 or drum beat or music.</li> <li>In groups</li> <li>Jump along a line and jog/run back to the start.</li> <li>Hop along a line using one foot and back using the other foot.</li> <li>Jump over ropes placed on the ground.</li> <li>Jump into and out of old tyres placed on the ground.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Know the different parts of the legs involved in jumping and hopping</li> <li>Improve balancing on two feet, one foot, dominant and not dominant foot</li> <li>Jump with both feet together and land safely with knees bent</li> <li>Hop from one foot and land on the same foot.</li> <li>Enjoy poems and songs in English with action</li> <li>Count objects from 1-9</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase or decrease the distance of the jumping and hopping activities</li> <li>Jump upwards to a point or target.</li> <li>Jump/hop along straight lines, curves and zigzag pathways.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lime powder or markers</li> <li>Images of domestic and wild animals.</li> <li>Old bicycle/car tyres.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Keep spaced out.</li> <li>Watch out for others when running and jumping.</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Curricular Lin  | ks   |  |  |
| English  | Mathematics   | EV   | 'S   | Life Skills En-<br>hanced  |
| Recite and sing poems, song and rhymes  • Use jumping and hopping activities while singing simple songs or saying rhymes. The jumping and hopping should be to the beat.  (1.LS.4) (2.LS.1) (3.LS.1) (4.LS.1) (5.LS.2)   | <ul> <li>Counting numbers 1-9</li> <li>Jump or hop a specific number of times e.g. 4, 7.</li> <li>Count how many times your friend jumps or hops. (1.1.1)</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Living things: Plants and Animals</li> <li>Using activity of jumping and hopping in tyres, images of animals can be placed in the tyres and children to jump/hop only in tyres showing animals seen in our surroundings. (3.1.2)</li> </ul> |  | • Empathy  |
|  |   |  |  |  |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Box Relay

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| In groups  • The first player runs and collects a small box from the tyre, runs back and touches the next player who runs to collect another small box. Play continues until all players have had a go at collecting a small box. | <ul> <li>Run over short distance.</li> <li>Recognizes letters and forms simple words.</li> <li>Differentiate between various currency notes.</li> <li>Recognizes various modes of transport</li> </ul>    | <ul> <li>Place box on a recycled bottle instead of in a tyre.</li> <li>Reduce/increase the distance that has to be covered.</li> <li>Travel by jumping or hopping.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Small boxes, tyres.</li> <li>One recycled bottle per team.</li> <li>Lime powder or markers to mark a start line.</li> </ul> | Space each group so they have enough room to run without bumping into others. |  |  |  |
|   | Cross curricular links  |  |  |   |  |  |  |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life Skil  | ls Enhanced   |  |  |  |
| Recognize letters and produce simple words.  • One at a time the children collect one letter from the tyre and use them to make words e.g.cat. (ensure there are sufficient copies of vowels available). (1.LS.3)                 | Multiplication: money  One at a time the children collect different paper currency notes from the tyre. When all have had their turn they sort the notes into the different denominations. (1.5.1)(1.6.1) | • Children to be divided into groups of 5 each. Each child jumps to the tyre and pick up a card which has an image of a mode of transport. The rest of the team members to guess based on the image (example bus, car, scooter, cycle etc.). (3.2.2) | <ul> <li>Team work and</li> <li>Problem solving</li> </ul>   |   |  |  |  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Animal walk

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures   |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Move like different animals. For example:   | <ul> <li>Use arm and leg movements in different combinations.</li> <li>Use large and small body parts to move in different ways.</li> <li>Improve arm and leg strengths</li> <li>Imitate different animals and develop imagination.</li> <li>Recite and sing poem with actions.</li> <li>Estimate heights of animals and classify them in an order</li> <li>Identify direction and follow simple instructions.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Combine more than one action: <ul><li>e.g. jump like a frog followed by moving like a caterpillar.</li></ul> </li> <li>Use the animal actions to move in zig zap patterns around recycled bottles.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lime powder or markers</li> <li>Recycled bottles</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Keep spaced out</li> <li>Watch out for<br/>others when<br/>moving</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross cu  | rricular links   |  |   |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life Skil  | ls Enhanced   |
| To recite and sing poems.  • Use the animal actions while singing songs like, 'Old McDonald had a farm' (1.LS.4) (2.LS.1) | <ul> <li>Measurement; distinguish between tall and short</li> <li>Assign an animal to each child in the group. One at a time children move like the animal to bottle marker about 20 meters away. The children order themselves in ascending order of the height of the animals (according to children's understanding) (1.3.1).</li> </ul>   | • Children to move like different animals in the directions as instructed by the teacher. E.g. Jump like a kangaroo, four times to your night and then twice to your left. (3.1.2) (3.5.1)                             | <ul> <li>Obedience</li> <li>Effective comment</li> </ul>             | nunication  |







# Agility, Balance, Coordination: Introducing ball handling

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures                                      |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Two children stand with their backs to each other.</li> <li>Pass a ball, or ring to each other (clockwise and anticlockwise).</li> <li>Pass the object to each other from in between the legs and high up (around the shoulders).</li> <li>Pass the object to each other by passing it over head and from between the legs.  In groups</li> <li>Throw large or small ball upwards and catch it with both hands.</li> <li>Pick up a ball using elbows, wrists or fingers and walk with it over a short distance.</li> <li>Take turns to jump with a ball between knees to a bottle as marker and back.</li> <li>Pass a ball around in a circle (as in 'pass the parcel;)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use arm and leg movements in different combinations.</li> <li>Use large and small body parts to move in different ways.</li> <li>Improve arm and leg strengths</li> <li>Imitate different animals and develop imagination.</li> <li>Recognize different body parts.</li> <li>Understand the concept of 'greater than' and 'less then' while working with numbers.</li> <li>Count to a position in a specific direction.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Carry, handle and pick up different equipment.</li> <li>Play passing the ball game to music. When the music stops the player with the ball runs around the circle and then comes back to the original position.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Foam balls, balloons, large balls, small balls ring.</li> <li>Lime powder or markers.</li> <li>Body parts picture cards.</li> <li>Markers to write numbers (21-99) on balls.</li> </ul> | Keep spaced out     Watch out for others when moving |
|   | Cross curricul  | ar links  |  |  |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS   | Life Skill   | ls Enhanced  |
| <ul> <li>To associate meaning with visual/printed language</li> <li>Show children a picture of a body part. Ask them to balance a ball/ring on the body part shown in the picture.</li> </ul>   | Numbers from 21-99 • Randomly number the balls between 21-99. Children throw the balls around the circle. At the end they sort the balls as greater or less than 50. (1.1.5) (1.1.9)(2.1.1)(2.1.4)  | • While playing pass the ball, teacher to instruct the children to pass the ball to the child as asked for. E.g.At the third place on your left and so on. (3.5.1)  | Problem solving  | · ·  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Rolling a ball

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment   | Safety measures  |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Roll a large ball and chase it.</li> <li>Roll a small ball and chase it.</li> <li>Roll a ring and chase it.</li> <li>Roll a ball in different directions and chase it.</li> <li>Roll the ball around the circle, from one child to another</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Move an object by rolling it</li> <li>Follow an object</li> <li>Roll a ball at different speeds</li> <li>Learn how to control a moving object</li> <li>Write simple sentences in English</li> <li>Understand and use verbs</li> <li>Estimate distance</li> <li>Perform simple addition while playing</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Try rolling a tyre, keeping it close to you and chase it. How far does it travel?</li> <li>Try to roll the ball quicker around the circle. Use one hand, then the other.</li> </ul>              | <ul> <li>Variety of balls and rings</li> <li>Lime powder or markers</li> <li>Recycled bottles (as markers)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Watch out for others when moving.</li> <li>Tell others if the ball rolls in their path.</li> <li>Be careful when chasing a ball.</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross curricula  | ır links  |   |  |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Ski  | lls Enhanced   |
| • Emphasise the actions words used in the activity and ask children to create sentences using these words. For example, 'I am rolling the ball', Shyam rolled the ball', 'the ball is rolling'. (1.LS.7) (4.LS.7)   | • Place recycled tyres in a straight line and ask the children to throw the ball in a particular tyre (e.g. throw in second tyre) Then ask the next child to throw a separate ball adding 2 places to the position of the previous ball.   | Estimation: Use the vocabulary of understanding spatial relationships to instruct the students. E.g.: 'far', 'roll the ball away from you, 'roll the ball approximately 10 steps away from you'.  (3.6.1) | <ul> <li>Problem sol</li> <li>Confidence</li> </ul>   | Ö  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Dribbling a ball

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment   | Safety measures  |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Dribble (continuous bouncing of ball with force of hand)</li> <li>Dribble (tap) a large ball with right hand to a bottle and back.</li> <li>Dribble (tap) a large ball with left hand to a bottle and back.</li> <li>Dribble (tap) a large ball with one hand, then the other, to a bottle and back.</li> <li>Dribble (tap) a large ball in and out of cones placed in a circle.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Move an object by rolling it.</li> <li>Keep an object 'close to you'</li> <li>Learn how to control a moving object</li> <li>Use different body parts to dribble an object.</li> <li>Obediently follow instructions.</li> <li>Identify physical features of different shapes.</li> <li>Think about the various use of waters.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Dribble (tap) small balls keeping them close to you.</li> <li>Dribble (tap) the ball around the bottles in zigzag and curved pathways.</li> <li>Try to dribble the ball fast around the circle. Use one hand, then the other.</li> </ul> | Variety of<br>balls, recy-<br>cled bottle<br>(as markers) | <ul> <li>Watch out for others when moving.</li> <li>Tell others if the ball rolls in their path.</li> <li>Be careful when chasing a ball.</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross curricula  | r links   |   |  |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Ski  | lls Enhanced   |
| <ul> <li>Follow instructions</li> <li>Follow the instructions given to complete the activities. Confirm children's understanding of the instruction, actions and equipment being used. (1.L.1)</li> </ul>   | • Using appropriate vocabulary, describe objects, their physical features. E.g. A round ball rolls, the bottle rolls etc. (1.2.1) (1.2.2)  | While dribbling the ball around bottles (as markers) each student to speak 2 uses of water in our home and in our surrounding (3.3.1)   | • Obe   | dience   |









## Agility, Balance, Coordination: Rolling at large targets

| rightly, butuitee, coordinations froming at large targets  |   |   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment   | Safety measures  |  |
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Standing behind the line, roll a ball or small tyre between the markers. Chase to collect it.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Improve accuracy of rolling.</li> <li>Increase arms strength to roll a ball further.</li> <li>Have a simple awareness of the application of force in hitting the target.</li> <li>Identify pictures and spell them correctly.</li> <li>Compare numbers up to 20.</li> <li>Estimate distance using non-standard units.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase or decrease the distance from the targets.</li> <li>Use larger or smaller objects, like small boxes that children can throw on the targets.</li> <li>Decrease the size of the target or reduce the distance between the markers.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Different objects that can be thrown such as balls, boxes</li> <li>Targets using recycled bottles</li> <li>Lime powder or markers (bottles)</li> <li>Various small objects</li> <li>Picture cards of simple objects</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Send balls in the same direction or from the center to the corners.</li> <li>Have enough space between groups.</li> </ul> |  |
|  | Cross curricula   | r links   |   |  |  |
| English  | Mathematics   | EVS   | Life Ski  | lls Enhanced   |  |
| <ul> <li>Exposure to written inputs</li> <li>Each time the ball is rolled between the markers collect a picture from the tyre.</li> <li>Spell simple words with the letter. E.g. Boy, bat, cat dog, mat etc. (1.SL2) (1.SL.8)</li> </ul> | • Each time the ball is rolled between the markers collect a small object or item. Placed in a tyre at the end of the game count the number of objects and identify who has more.   | • Each time the ball is rolled between the bottle, using hand spans or footsteps estimate the distance from the bottle to the position of the ball. (3.6.1)   |   | fidence building.<br>d setting.  |  |
|  |   |   |   |  |  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Throwing and catching

|  | ·   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Bounce a ball and catch it with both hands.</li> <li>Throw a ball or small box upwards to self and catch it with both hands.</li> <li>Throw a ball to a partner who catches it and throws it back.</li> <li>Throw balls or other objects as far as possible and run after them.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Throw for distance</li> <li>Understand how to throw and catch a ball</li> <li>Learn how to position the hands correctly to catch a ball.</li> <li>Learn how to work with a partner</li> <li>Differentiate between small and capital letters</li> <li>Team to count till 20 while playing.</li> <li>Learn the functions of different body parts.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Throw the object low to the ground and high up.</li> <li>Increase the distance between two players.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Various balls and other objects that are easy to throw and catch.</li> <li>Recycled bottle (as markers)</li> <li>Small cardboard pictures.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Sufficient space for the actions to be undertaken safely.</li> <li>Throw objects in the same direction</li> <li>Watch out for others when working.</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross curricula   | ır links  |  |  |
| English  | Mathematics   | EVS   | Life Ski   | lls Enhanced   |
| <ul> <li>Recognise small and capital forms of English alphabet</li> <li>One child to write and pass the capital form of a letter to the other child. This child will write and pass back small form of the same letter.</li> </ul>   | • When throwing and catching ask the children to count the number of times they bounce the ball or throw and catch it before it is dropped.  (1.1.1) (1.1.5) (1.1.6).   | When throwing and catching, a child to call out a body part and the other child to shout aloud its primary function. E.g.: legs, to walk, eyes, to see etc. (from ICSE) |  | Awareness.<br>ctive communication.   |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Body shapes

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment                                   | Safety measures   |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| Class activities: Perform the following positions:  1) Stand straight, with arms held high 2) Spread yours legs at a comfortable distance, and your arms stretched out on the sides. 3) Sit on your knees and try to touch your head to your knees 4) Lie down on your back with your arms stretched 5) Lie down on your stomach with arms stretched sideways. Perform the above activities (1) and (2) while jumping. In groups:  • Roll while performing (3)  • Roll sideways while performing (4)  • Jump while performing (2)  • Perform a stretched jump followed by a stretched roll. Perform a stretched jump followed by a stretched roll. | <ul> <li>Learn basic shapes</li> <li>Develop awareness of your body</li> <li>Hold different static positions</li> <li>Combine static positions and dynamic movements</li> <li>Recognize small and capital letters in the English language</li> <li>Estimate distance using non-standard units of measurement</li> <li>Follow simple directions while playing.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Hold the static positions for longer duration</li> <li>Try making the shapes of different letters by yourself or with a partner.</li> </ul>  | Mats or soft<br>surface                     | <ul> <li>Sufficient space for actions to be undertaken safely.</li> <li>Watch out for others when working.</li> </ul> |
| Toll.  | Cross Curricular   | links   |   |   |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Skil                                   | lls Enhanced  |
| <ul> <li>Recognize small and capital forms of English alphabet</li> <li>Individually, in pairs and groups children form different small and capital letters with the help of their hands and legs.         <ul> <li>(1.R.1)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Measurement; non-standard unit</li> <li>Use stretched body position to measure distances e.g. the length of a series of mats, the distance covered by a sideways roll. <ul> <li>(1.3.1) (2.3.1)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | Simple directions:<br>Individually, children to<br>follow simple directions<br>given by the teacher (E.g.<br>Jump 2 steps forward while<br>performing (1), jump 'in' and<br>jump 'out' while performing<br>(2) and so on) | <ul><li>Self Awa</li><li>Creative</li></ul> | reness  |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Static balance

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations   | Equipment               | Safety measures   |
|--|--|--|-------------------------|---|
| Class Activities:  Balance body on different static positions:  Sit on the ground with arms and legs stretched and then slowly raise them in the air and hold the position.  Lie on the ground on your stomach  Lie on the ground on your back  Lie down on your back and lift your legs in the air and lift them backwards (towards upper body)  Lie down sideways and lift the upper arm and leg, hold the positions for a few seconds Play the game: Statues  Run in open space to music or another sound (clapping, tambourine). When the music or sound stops children must stand still. When children understand the game ask them to be still on different body parts or make different shapes. | <ul> <li>Hold positions of static balance on large body parts</li> <li>Improve muscle strength</li> <li>Balance on different body parts</li> <li>Know which body parts are being used</li> <li>Recite poems and sing songs with actions</li> <li>Identify patterns and interpret them while playing</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Combine more actions</li> <li>Ask the children to think of their own shapes to make and positions to hold</li> </ul>  | Mats or soft<br>surface | <ul> <li>Sufficient space for actions to be undertaken safely.</li> <li>Watch out for others when working.</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Curricula  | r Links  |                         |   |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS  | Life Ski                | lls Enhanced  |
| Recite and sing poems, songs and rhymes  • While holding static balances recite and sing simple poems, songs and rhymes. (1.LS.4) (2.LS.1)   | Mathematics: Patterns • Hold static balances in different shapes. Complete a given sequence of simple balances showing these shapes.  (1.5.1)  | <ul> <li>A child to lie down on<br/>his/her back and anoth-<br/>er child draw/outline<br/>the silhouette of the<br/>body and then place<br/>picture/word cards of<br/>various body parts on<br/>the silhouette.</li> </ul> | • Creative              | thinking  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Responding to commands and signals

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment   | Safety measures   |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| <ul> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Ask the children to run, jump or hop in the space. Use different sounds or signals to get the children to stop.</li> <li>Ask the children to run, jump or hop on the spot and in the space to the count of 1,2,3,4. Use a tambourine or drum to provide the beat.</li> <li>Play these games</li> <li>Traffic lights</li> <li>Children respond to the commands as follows: 'green' ('go') means the children can run or move anywhere; yellow (get ready) means the children wait in a 'get ready' position; red (stop )means the children must stand still. When children understand the game use objects coloured red, yellow and green to which children must respond.</li> <li>Seema says</li> <li>Seema says, 'run', 'stop', 'sit', 'jump'.</li> <li>Perform the actions on command.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Respond correctly to auditory and visual commands in a timely manner</li> <li>Learn how to play very simple games</li> <li>Use different movement actions</li> <li>Learn how to maintain balance</li> <li>Learn opposite words while playing</li> <li>Understand the outline of various shapes</li> <li>Differentiate between healthy and unhealthy food items.</li> </ul> | Move by jumping, hopping, using hands and feet, backwards, sideways | <ul> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles (as markers) to define the playing area.</li> <li>Different visual and auditory stimuli: colours for 'traffic lights'</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Sufficient space for actions to be undertaken safety</li> <li>Watch out for others when working</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Curricular Li   | inks  |   |   |

### **EVS Mathematics** Life Skills Enhanced

### Learn opposites while singing songs

Children follow the actions when playing games like 'Seema says'. Ask the children to do the opposite of what Seema says. Use other action songs and rhymes.

**English** 

(1.L.1) (1.LS.7) (3.LS.5) (3.LS.8)

### Geometry

When playing 'Seema says' ask a specified number of children to form circles, squares, triangles or other shapes. (1.4.1) (2.2.1)

### **Natural Resources**

While playing 'Seema says'..... teacher • to call out various names of healthy and unhealthy food, and children to jump when a healthy food is called for. (E.g. Seema says rice and the child jump, on chips, they remain seated) (3.3.1)

Obedience Teamwork coordination









Agility, Balance, Coordination: The Lion and the Goat

| <ul> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Ask the children to run, jump or hop in the space. Ask them to run, jump and hop while moving backwards and sideways in the space. Ask children to stop in a space, use different sounds or signals to stop them. Different colors can be assigned to different activities, E.g. Red for stop, yellow for jump and green for hop.</li> <li>Learn how to play very simple games</li> <li>Use different movement actions</li> <li>Learn how to maintain balance when stopping</li> <li>Perform simple addition while playing</li> <li>Identify and differentiate between living and non-living things.</li> <li>When playing 'fire in the mountain', move by jumping, hopping, using hands and feet, backwards, side-ways. Use square rather than circle formations.</li> <li>Different visual and auditory stimuli: numbers for 'fire in the mountain' and color cards.</li> <li>When playing 'fire in the mountain', move by jumping, hopping, using hands and feet, backwards, side-ways. Use square rather than circle formations.</li> <li>Different visual and auditory stimuli: numbers for 'fire in the mountain' and color cards.</li> </ul> | Activities   | <b>Use these Activities to:</b>   | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
|  | <ul> <li>Ask the children to run, jump or hop in the space. Ask them to run, jump and hop while moving backwards and sideways in the space. Ask children to stop in a space, use different sounds or signals to stop them. Different colors can be assigned to different activities, E.g. Red for stop, yellow for jump and green for hop.</li> <li>Play these games</li> <li>The Lion and the Goat</li> <li>The lion tries to catch the goats. If a goat is caught the goat becomes the lion and the lion becomes the goat. Play this game initially in a small defined space.</li> <li>Fire in the mountain</li> <li>Children make a circle. The teacher shouts out 'fire in the mountain'. The children chant 'run', run, run' as they run in a clockwise or anticlockwise direction around the circle. When the teacher calls or shows a number, the children must get into</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>auditory and visual commands in a timely manner</li> <li>Learn how to play very simple games</li> <li>Use different movement actions</li> <li>Learn how to maintain balance when stopping</li> <li>Perform simple addition while playing</li> <li>Identify and differentiate between living and</li> </ul> | in the mountain',<br>move by jumping,<br>hopping, using<br>hands and feet,<br>backwards, side-<br>ways. Use square<br>rather than circle | or bottles (as markers) to define the playing area.  • Different visual and auditory stimuli: numbers for 'fire in the mountain' and color | for actions to be undertaken safety  • Watch out for others when |

### **English Mathematics EVS** Life Skills Enhanced Follow simple instructions **Mental Arithmetic** While playing 'Fire in the Mountain • Problem solving Follow the instruc-• When playing 'Fire in the Mounteacher to ask the children to touch Obedience tions and commands of the tain' children get into groups a living or a non – living thing (E.g. according to the answer to simple touch a non-living thing around you games. (1.L.1) (3.LS.5) (4.LS.3) sums. For example the teacher says, etc.) '1+2 ='. Children use mental arith-(5.LS.3)(3.8.1)metic to work out the answer and form groups of 3. (1.1.8) (1.1.4)







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Kicking a ball

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equi                                      | pment  | Safety measures   |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Move anywhere in the space. On command, touch different parts of the foot: heels, toes, top of foot, bottom of foot, inside and outside of foot.</li> <li>In groups</li> <li>Kick a stationary ball (large) using:</li> <li>Right foot</li> <li>Left foot</li> <li>Dribble (top) a large ball using:</li> <li>Right foot</li> <li>Left foot</li> <li>Kick a ball to a large target e.g., a wall.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Kick a stationary ball</li> <li>Kick a moving ball</li> <li>Use and name different parts of the foot</li> <li>Improve dynamic balance</li> <li>Understand (while performing) the meaning of prepositions</li> <li>Estimate short distance with non-standard units of measurement</li> <li>Revise the names of animals and their off-springs.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Ask children to kick and dribble the ball using different parts of their feet e.g. top of foot.</li> <li>Reduce the size of the ball.</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Recycled markers powder</li></ul> | ghtweight<br>d bottles (as<br>) or lime<br>ent markers | <ul> <li>Keep spaced out</li> <li>Kick in one direction only</li> <li>Take care when chasing balls</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Curric   | ular Links  |   |  |   |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS   |   | Life S   | kills Enhanced  |
| Use of vocabulary and prepositions  Name, say and point to different parts of the foot, e.g. heel, top of foot. Ask children to put their foot 'up' in the space, 'behind' them' etc. (1.L.1) (1.LS.9) (2.LS.8) (5.LS.3)   | Measurement • Kick the ball and wait for it to stop. Ask children to measure the distance travelled by the ball using non-standard units of measurement e.g. using steps. (1.3.1) (2.3.1)  | • While throw ball, the child to spet the name of an anim child who catches the say the name of the (3.1.2)   | eak aloud<br>mal, and the<br>the ball to  |  |   |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Ringmaster

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations   | Equipment                    | Safety measures   |
|---|--|--|------------------------------|---|
| Class Activity  Children to stand in a circle at the teacher to be in the middle of the cle. The ringmaster/teacher calls the nof an animal. All the children imitate movements of that animal. Use command more unusual animals so that children have to think about the movementhey might use. For example, 'earthwee Children might crawl, bending and stretching as they move. Use animals involve children in moving at high, loand medium levels. | <ul> <li>Use arms and legs in different combinations</li> <li>Improve arm and leg strength</li> <li>Move in different ways</li> <li>Identify animals based on visual cues.</li> <li>Learn to form shapes while playing</li> </ul>                    | <ul> <li>Ask children to provide examples of animals.</li> <li>Pair the children, one in front of the other. The children copy the actions of their partner</li> </ul> | Lime powder or<br>markers    | <ul> <li>Look out for others</li> <li>Keep in your own space</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross Curricula  | ar Links   |                              |   |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS  | Life Skil                    | ls Enhanced   |
| To become visually familiar with words  Instead of calling the names of animals identify them using sounds or show children a picture of the animal with its name.  | • The teacher to call out to all the students the name of a shape. The children to then form that shape, while performing the movement of an animal of their choice.  E.g. 5 students to make a circle while hopping like a rabbit.  (1.1.5) (1.2.1) | • Children while standing in a circle can be asked to perform folk dances of India. (3.9.1) (4.9.1)  | Obedience    Empathy/Include | sion  |









## Agility, Balance, Coordination: Introducing skipping

|  |  |   | 11 0   |                      |  |
|--|--|---|--|----------------------|--|
| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equip  | ment                 | Safety measures  |
| In groups  Run, step over the ropes, or lines.  Run and step, or jump, over a low rope held by others  Jump over a swinging rope held by others  Self turn a rope, stepping over it (skipping) | ments  • Jump into and out of stationary and moving ropes  • Jump over a swinging rope held by others  • Self turn a rope  • Enjoy singing and performing action songs  • Make Mathematical comparisons while playing  • Estimate distance using non-standard units. | Shipping: Self turn a rope and jump over it with both feet at the same time.  | <ul> <li>Recycled (as mark)</li> <li>Long and ropes</li> </ul> | ers)                 | <ul> <li>Keep spaced out so that ropes do not hit others</li> <li>Swing ropes low to the ground</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Currio   | cular Links   |  |                      |  |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS   |  | Life Skills Enhanced |  |
| Enjoy doing a task while singing an action song  • Jump and skip to well-known action songs (e.g. clap your hands, stamp your feet) (1.LS.4) (2.LS.1) (1.L.1) (4.LS.3)                         | Numbers  • Ask children to count the number of times they jump over a rope. Use mathematical language to compare their number of jumps with a friend. E.g. 'I jumped 5 times', 'I jumped more than you'.  (1.1.1) (1.1.7)  | Estimation: Measurement  While jumping over ropes, another child to mark the position of the child and then mark the position where he landed after the jump. The |  | tion                 | work and coordina-<br>wareness   |
|  | ,65 A  |   |  |                      |  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Treasure Hunt

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | V                                | /ariations  | Equipment  | Safety measures                                     |
|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Practice running, jumping, hopping and moving in different ways. Stay in the defined space and stop on command.</li> <li>Treasure hunt</li> <li>Spread markers in the playing area. Group children into four teams: red, green, yellow, blue. Give each group a 'home' corner at corners of the square. On command children run and pick up one coloured item placed in the centre of the square one at a time and return to their 'home' corner. The winning team is the team to have all their coloured objects in their home corner.</li> <li>When the children understand the game ask them to collect the coloured object by hopping/jumping/moving in other ways.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Bend, twist and turn</li> <li>Have fun playing with others</li> <li>Work with others to complete the task</li> <li>Arrange numbers (1-20) in correct sequence</li> <li>Classify various type of picture cards</li> <li>Arrange simple jigsaw puzzles</li> <li>Describe a picture in a simple sentence</li> </ul> | of so to a aho of are har sw     | crease the space the playing area children have run further ead. ecrease the space the playing ea so children ve to dodge and verve each other. se more coured objects. ave fewer chileen in each team. | <ul> <li>Bottles (as markers) markers to define playing area</li> <li>Coloured objects</li> <li>4 jigsaw puzzles.</li> </ul> | Watch out for others all the time                   |
|   | Cross Curricular Li   | inks                             |   |  |   |
| English   | Mathematics   |                                  | E   | ZVS  | Life Skills En-<br>hanced                           |
| <ul> <li>Provide exposure to a range of visual inputs</li> <li>Spread bags with pieces of jigsaw puzzles in the playing area. Give each team a picture of the jigsaw. Children run and collect one jigsaw piece at a time and return it to their home base. The winning team is the first to complete the jigsaw. At the end of the game ask the children to speak out a sentence about the picture. (1.LS.5) (1.LS.8) (3.LS.4)</li> </ul>  | Numbers Spread different coloured num (from 1-20) in the playing area. Assign a colour to each team ar home base. Children collect one card matching to their team col and return to their home base. all the numbers have been colle the team arrange them in seque (1.1.1) (1.1.5) (1.1.6)                              | nd<br>e<br>lour<br>When<br>ected | plants, animals, modes of transport etc.) and assign each domain to a team. Each child to run and pick up a card belonging to their domain. (3.4.1) (4.4.2) (5.4.1)                                     |  | <ul><li>Team work</li><li>Problem Solving</li></ul> |







## Agility, Balance, Coordination: Walking on toes and heels

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures                                 |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Walk on different pathways: straight line, circle, triangle and square.</li> <li>Balance an empty box on head while walking along these pathways.</li> <li>Ask students to close their eyes and walk along these pathways on their heels and then their toes.</li> <li>Walk in a zigzag pathway in and out of placed bottles (markers).</li> <li>Walk clockwise and anticlockwise.</li> <li>Change direction, walk slowly,quickly, walk left and right.</li> </ul> | O   | <ul> <li>Walk backwards.</li> <li>Combine walking forwards and backwards.</li> <li>Increase the speed of walk</li> <li>Walk and stop in a space on command.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles (as markers).</li> <li>Empty cartons or boxes.</li> <li>Notebooks and stationery items</li> </ul> | Use a grassy area or other nonslippery surface. |
|  | Cross Cui   | ricular Links  |  |   |
| English  | Mathematics   |  | Life Skills Enhanced   |   |
| Follow simple instructions • Follow simple instructions given by the teacher: e.g. 'walk in a straight line' 'walk clockwise'. (1.L.1), (2.LS.5), (3.LS.5), (4.LS.3),(5.LS.3)  | Geometry Show the children a shape. Ask them to walk, making the shape with their footsteps. Use circle, square and triangle shapes. (1.3.1), (2.2.1) | <ul><li>Creative Thinking</li><li>Teamwork</li></ul>   |  |   |
|  |   |  |  |   |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Body awareness

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment                                     | Safety measures                   |
|--|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| <ul> <li>Teach children to recognize the various parts of the body by asking them to touch their different body parts.</li> <li>Sing the song: 'If you're happy and you</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Identify different body parts</li> <li>Move different body parts by themselves and while in groups.</li> <li>Enjoy poems and songs with actions, in English.</li> <li>Count the various numbers of body parts and understand their functions.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Create zigzag pathways with bottles for children to move between and around.</li> <li>Use other local action songs.</li> <li>If using an indoor space or mats children can move on their stomach and backs, using their hands to pull them along.</li> </ul> | Lime powder or recycled bottles (as markers). | Watch out for others when moving. |
|  | Cross Curricular  | r Links   |   |                                   |
| English  | Mathematics   |   | Life Skills Enhance                           | ed                                |
| <ul> <li>Recite and sing poems</li> <li>Combine singing with actions, emphasizing on using action words. E.g. clap, jump and hop. Use ifferent rhymes and ongs that are known to the children. (1.LS.4), (2.LS.1), (3.LS.1), (5.LS.2)</li> </ul> | Numbers from 1-9 When moving, count the number of body parts that are in contact with the ground. E.g. when moving on one hand and two feet the answer is 3. (1.1.1), (1.1.2)   | <ul><li>Self-awareness</li><li>Confidence building</li></ul>  |   |                                   |
|  |   |   |   |                                   |







## Agility, Balance and Coordination: Body awareness

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment   | Safety measures   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| <ul> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Move on hands and feet changing direction on command.</li> <li>Move using 2 hands and 1 foot, change to moving using 2 hands and 2 feet with tummy upwards. Use different combinations of hands and feet.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Identify and name different<br/>body parts.</li> <li>Move different body parts by<br/>themselves and in combina-<br/>tion.</li> <li>Balance objects on different<br/>body parts.</li> <li>Move objects with different</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Create zigzag pathways with recycled bottles (markers) for children to move between and around them.</li> <li>Place a box on</li> </ul> | Lime powder or<br>recycled bottles<br>(as markers). | <ul> <li>Watch out for others when moving.</li> <li>Be careful when chasing after a ball or object that has rolled away.</li> </ul> |
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Place empty box on head and walk to a marker and back.</li> <li>Place the box on shoulder and walk to a marker and back.</li> <li>Place box on elbow and walk to a marker and back.</li> <li>Place a box between knees or elbows and walk/jump with it.</li> <li>Push a ball with different body parts. E.g. hand, elbow</li> <li>Carry an object with a partner using elbows, feet and back.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>body parts.</li> <li>Count and compare a definite number of objects.</li> <li>Understand basic concepts of directions.</li> </ul>  | other body parts and move to a point and back. E.g. put a box on stomach and use hands and feet to move to the marker.                           |   |   |
| <ul> <li>Play the game 'Follow the leader'</li> <li>The team follows the leader who carries a box on a chosen body part.</li> </ul>  |   |  |   |   |

### **Cross Curricular Links**

| English   | Mathematics  | Life Skills Enhanced                                     |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Exposure to, and comprehension of spoken and written inputs</li> <li>Recognise and name the body parts that are being used. Recognise their spellings. (1.LS.5), (1.LS.7), (2.LS.5)</li> </ul> | <b>Numbers</b> Each time an activity is completed the child picks up any object on the field (e.g. stone, piece of paper, leaf). At the end of the activities the children count the number of objects each one has and makes comparisons of 'more' and 'less'. (1.1.5), (1.1.7), (1.1.8), (2.1.4) | <ul><li>Self-awareness</li><li>Problem solving</li></ul> |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |  |  |











## Agility, Balance and Coordination: Running and Jumping

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment | Safety measures  |  |  |
|---|---|---|-----------|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Run forwards</li> <li>Run backwards.</li> <li>Run sideways.</li> <li>Jump: with feet together.</li> <li>Jump: one foot to the other foot (leaping)</li> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Run on the spot slowly and briskly.</li> <li>Jump or move to the count of 1,2,3,4 or drum beat or music.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Know the different parts of the leg involved in running</li> <li>Learn how to jump with feet together and from one foot to the other</li> <li>Run and jump safely in space.</li> <li>Familiarize children with the concept of time</li> <li>Learn to talk about self in English</li> <li>Introduce the concept of equality and sensitize children on cultural and religious diversity.</li> </ul> Cross Curricular | <ul> <li>Run in straight lines, zigzags, in curves and around circles.</li> <li>Run around different shapes: straight, triangle</li> <li>Lime powder or markers.</li> <li>Recycled bottles to create zigzag points</li> </ul> |           | Use a grassy area<br>or other non-slip-<br>pery surface. |  |  |
| English   | Mathematics   | Life Skills Enhanced  |           |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Oral production of words and phrases</li> <li>List the name of the body parts being used (1.W.1) (3.LS.2) (4.LS.4)</li> <li>Use running and jumping actions to pick objects to match colours, numbers or letters (1.LS.1)</li> </ul>   | Qualitative understanding of time  Discuss with children the time they took to complete each activity so that they begin to understand which activity they think takes 'the longest' and which one takes 'the shortest'span of time. (2.4.2)  | Communication skill     Emotional intelligence  |           |  |  |  |





## LEARNING ENHANCEMENT CARD

**GRADE I: CARD 25** 

# Agility, Balance and Coordination: Jumping and Hopping

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations Equipment Safety measures  |
|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Class activities</li> <li>Individually, practice jumping and hoping on the spot; and while moving.</li> <li>Jump or hop to the count of 1,2,3,4 or drum beat or music.</li> <li>In groups</li> <li>Jump along a line and jog/run back to the start.</li> <li>Hop along a line using one foot and back using the other foot.</li> <li>Jump over ropes placed on the ground.</li> <li>Jump into and out of old tyres placed on the ground.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Know the different parts of the legs involved in jumping and hopping</li> <li>Improve balancing on two feet, one foot, dominant and not dominant foot</li> <li>Jump with both feet together and land safely with knees ben</li> <li>Hop from one foot and land on the same foot.</li> <li>Enjoy poems and songs in English with action</li> <li>Count objects from 1-9</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase or decrease the distance of the jumping and hopping activities</li> <li>Jump upwards to a point or target.</li> <li>Jump/hop along straight lines, curves and zigzag pathways.</li> <li>Lime powder or markers</li> <li>Images of domestic and wild animals.</li> <li>Old bicycle/car tyres.</li> <li>Keep spaced out.</li> <li>Watch out for others when running and jumping.</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Curricular   | inks  |
| English  | Mathematics  | Life Skills Enhanced  |
| Recite and sing poems, song and rhymes  • Use jumping and hopping activities while singing simple songs or saying rhymes. The jumping and hopping should be to the beat. (1.LS.4) (2.LS.1) (3.LS.1) (4.LS.1) (5.LS.2)  | <ul> <li>Counting numbers 1-9</li> <li>Jump or hop a specific number of times e.g. 4, 7.</li> <li>Count how many times your friend jumps or hops. (1.1.1)</li> </ul>   | Interpersonal relationships   |











## Agility, Balance, Coordination: Running, Jumping and Hopping

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Class Activities</li> <li>Carry out the actions of running, jumping and hopping on command. Move forwards, backwards and sideways, to the right and left.</li> <li>❖ Jump: two feet to two feet.</li> <li>❖ Hop: one foot to the same foot.</li> <li>❖ Jump/hop and run to a count of 1,2,3,4 and repeat the sequence. Increase the count to 8.</li> <li>In groups</li> <li>Run in and out the bottles moving in a zigzag pathway between them.</li> <li>Run, bend to touch each bottle with right hand, left hand and alternate hands.</li> <li>Step or hop over bottles, ropes or tyres.</li> <li>Run backwards.</li> <li>Jump sideways.</li> <li>Walk with the box on head.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve running, jumping and hopping skills</li> <li>Increase muscle strength</li> <li>Move in different directions</li> <li>Be able to read short sentences/instructions</li> <li>Be able to arrange numbers in ascending/descending order.</li> <li>Identify movement and sounds of animals and birds.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the distance</li> <li>Combine more action.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles (markers)</li> <li>Tyres or ropes</li> <li>Empty boxes</li> <li>Number cards</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Space activities</li> <li>Watch out for others</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Curricular   | Links   |  |  |

| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life Skills Enhanced  |
|---|---|--|---|
| Reading short sentences/ instructions:  • Provide instructions for the activities to be performed in writing and ask the children to read the instructions aloud and carry out the activities.  (3.R.3) (4.R.6) (4.LS.3) (5.LS.3) (5.R.2) | Numbers:  • Each time a child completes an activity she/he collects a number. When all the activities have finished the group arranges all the numbers they | Animals:  • Children imitate the sound and movement of animal and birds found in their | <ul> <li>Problem solving</li> <li>Effective communication</li> <li>Confidence building</li> <li>Teamwork</li> </ul> |
|   | have collected in ascending or descending order. (2.1.2), (2.1.3), (3.1.2)  | surroundings. • (3.1.2)  |   |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Challenge races and relays

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Class activity</li> <li>Jump, hop and run on the spot and in the space to the count of 1,2,3,4 and repeat the sequence. Use a drum or any kind of music to keep the beat. Increase to the count of 8.</li> <li>In groups: Challenge Relay</li> <li>Challenge the children to combine running, jumping and hopping activities in simple races and relay races:</li> <li>❖ run forwards, run sideways, run forwards</li> <li>❖ hop forwards, hop sideways, hop forwards</li> <li>❖ jump forwards, jump sideways, jump forwards</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve running, jumping and hopping skills</li> <li>Increase muscle strength</li> <li>Move in different directions</li> <li>Take part in simple races and relay races.</li> <li>Share his/her opinion about the picture in hand using simple vocabulary.</li> <li>Be able to identify currency notes and do simple addition</li> <li>Understand concept of places and directions.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the distance.</li> <li>Combine more action: run forwards, run backwards and run sideways.</li> <li>Run and jump backwards.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles as markers.</li> <li>Pictures of different scenes like Market Scene, Forest Scene, Beach Scene, Classroom Scene, Railway Station</li> <li>Currency cards</li> <li>Instruction cards for directions</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Space activities</li> <li>Watch out for others</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross Curricular L   | inks  |  |  |
| English  | Mathematics  | I   | EVS  | Life Skills En-<br>hanced  |
| <ul> <li>Relate drawing and painting to oral communication:</li> <li>Challenge Relay: Each child runs, jumps or hops to the bottle and picks up a picture and share his/her opinion about the picture. Once done, s/he runs back to the next player who has his/her turn. (3.LS.4), (4.LS.5)(4.LS.9)</li> </ul>  | Money: • Challenge Relay: Each child runs to the bottle and picks one of the currency cards placed, then moves to the second marker by hopping and picks up another currency card and then jumps to the finish line and calculates the total amount. (2.6.1) (3.1.7)   | Places & Direction • Challenge Radirections to with the help tion cards (e.g. ward, then ta (3.5.1) (4.6.1)   | <ul> <li>Effective Communication</li> <li>Teamwork</li> </ul>  |  |







## Agility, Balance, Coordination: Jumping and hopping

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations   | Fauinment  | Safaty mazeuras   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Class activities  • Jump from two feet to two feet and from one foot to the same foot (hopping).  • Leap from one foot to the other.  • Jump from one foot to land on two feet and from two feet to land on one.  • Combine different stepping and jumping actions:  • Step, jump; step  • Jump, jump, leap  • Step, step, leap  • Step, step, leap  • Combine stepping, jumping and hopping actions to the beat of 1, 2, 3  In groups  • Run, jump and hop in and out of the tyres and bottles (as markers)  • Jump over tyres, empty boxes and ropes. | <ul> <li>Jump in different ways</li> <li>Leap from one foot to the other</li> <li>Combine stepping and jumping actions</li> <li>Improve muscle power</li> <li>Improve understanding of key spatial words</li> <li>Measure 2-D shapes using non-standard units (footsteps)</li> </ul> | Children make up their own jumping challenges.   | <ul> <li>Equipment</li> <li>Lime powder or bottles (as markers).</li> <li>Boxes</li> <li>Recycled tyres (as rings)</li> <li>Ropes</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Safety measures</li> <li>Space activities.</li> <li>Watch out for others.</li> <li>Make sure surface is not slippery.</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross Curricular l   | Links  |  |   |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS  | Life S   | kills Enhanced  |
| Listening with understanding: • Focus on children's understanding of key spatial words like 'in', 'out', 'over'. (2.LS.8)   | Geometry:  • Combine the stepping and jumping actions making different 2-D shapes e.g. rectangle, square, triangle and circle. Use their names correctly.  (2.2.1)   | Measurement (Foot steps):  • While forming 2-shapes, children sure distances the footsteps. E.g. difference in distances ered while forming square and rectart (3.6.1) | <ul> <li>Effective co</li> <li>Creative the cough fer-coverage</li> </ul>  | ommunication<br>ninking   |





**GRADE 2: CARD 4**Agility, Balance, Coordination: Simple relay races

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations   | Equ  | iipment  | Safety measures  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>In teams</li> <li>Place a bottle (as a marker) at a certain distance in a relay race.</li> <li>Children to run straight and around the bottle and run back.</li> <li>Roll a football around the bottle and back (if box falls off put it back and carry on).</li> <li>Run with ring in hand: children to aim and throw a cycle tyre around the bottle without dropping it. The team scores a point if successful and runs back to the next player.</li> <li>Keep an empty box on a cricket bat while running to the marker and back.</li> <li>Roll a cycle tyre to the marker and back.</li> <li>Children score three points for winning the race, two for second place and one for third place</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Learn running, jumping and throwing techniques to participate in simple relay races</li> <li>Have fun with others</li> <li>Understand which team wins and why</li> <li>Learn to take turns and try hard for the team.</li> <li>Be able to form words with random letters</li> <li>Understand the concept of ascending/descending order of numbers</li> <li>Understand inter-relatedness of time and weight</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Play as a shuttle relay.</li> <li>Increase the distance over which the activities take place.</li> <li>Run backwards.</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>recyc</li><li>as m</li><li>Emp</li><li>Footl</li><li>Crick</li><li>Discatyres</li><li>Lette</li><li>Num</li><li>Note</li></ul> | ket bats<br>arded bicycle<br>or Cards<br>aber Cards<br>books<br>watch or | <ul> <li>Keep spaced out.</li> <li>Watch out for others.</li> <li>Be careful when retrieving objects.</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross Curricular   | Links  |  |  |  |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS  |  | Life Sl  | cills Enhanced   |
| <ul> <li>Building proficiency in the language:</li> <li>A child runs and randomly picks up five letters from the box kept at the marker. The child then forms a word with the letters after returning to the starting point. (3.LS.9)</li> </ul>  | Numbers: • Run and pick up numbers from a box. Children arrange the numbers up to one hundred in ascending/ descending order. (2.1.2)  | <ul> <li>Measurement and Time:</li> <li>Children record time taken to reach starting point after carrying different number of note-books, in order to establish relationship between quantities like time and weight. (3.6.1), (3.6.2), (4.5.1), (4.5.2)</li> <li>Self-A</li> <li>Creating</li> <li>Problem</li> </ul> |  | e thinking   |  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Bean bag relay

|  |  |   | -  |  |   |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | E  | quipment   | Safety measures   |
| <ul> <li>How to play</li> <li>In teams</li> <li>Place a bottle (as a marker) at a certain distance in a relay race.</li> <li>First player has two boxes: one red and one green.</li> <li>Run and place the red box in first circle (denoted by a cycle tyre) and the green box in second circle.</li> <li>Run around the bottle and return collecting the green box and red box and pass them to the next player.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>tances</li> <li>Change direction while moving</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Reduce/increase the distance between the hoops.</li> <li>Once both the boxes have been collected throw them back to the next player</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Equipment</li> <li>2 empty boxes per team: one red and one green</li> <li>2 cycle tyres per team</li> <li>Number cards</li> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles (as markers)</li> <li>Animal name cards</li> <li>Animal offspring name cards</li> <li>Children's belongings (tiffin, pencil box, stationary, bags)</li> </ul> |  | Space each group so they have enough room to run without bumping into others. |
|  | Cross Curric   | ular Links  |  |  |   |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS   |  | Life Skil  | ls Enhanced   |
| Word Comprehension: • Place the names of animals in one circle and the names of their babies in the other e.g. cat and kitten. Children run and pick up the name of an animal from the first circle. They run to the second circle and find its offspring's name. (3.R.3), (3.LS.9)  | Numbers:  • Place numbers in 2 circles: tens in one circle and ones in the other circle. Children run and pick up a number from the first (e.g. 4 'tens') and a number from the second (e.g. 'ones'). What is the number you had made with the tens and ones (e.g. 43)? Compare it with other players (2.1.1), (2.1.2) |   |  | <ul><li>Self-awareness</li><li>Problem Solving</li><li>Decision Making</li></ul> |   |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Throwing and catching

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures   |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Throw and catch to self.</li> <li>Throw to a wall and catch.</li> <li>Drop a ball and catch it.</li> <li>Dribble a ball 2 or 3 times and catch it.</li> <li>Throw a ball up, clap (one, two, three) and catch the ball.</li> <li>Throw a small ball up, pick up an object before the ball is caught.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve throwing and catching skills.</li> <li>Work with others safely</li> <li>Use throwing and catching skills in simple games.</li> <li>Read and form simple words.</li> <li>Form geometrical shapes while throwing &amp; catching the ball.</li> <li>Identify objects from picture cards.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Set challenges: How many catches can you make before the ball is dropped?</li> <li>Use the widest range of soft throwing objects possible.</li> </ul>                   | <ul> <li>A variety of balls and other objects that can be thrown like empty boxes.</li> <li>Cycle tyres</li> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles as markers.</li> <li>Letter cards</li> <li>Picture cards of objects.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use lightweight or soft balls only</li> <li>Space activities</li> <li>Watch out for others particularly when collecting and chasing objects</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross   | curricular links   |  |   |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life Skills  | Enhanced  |
| Read simple words  Throw a ball at letters placed on the ground or on a wall. Have three or four attempts and try to make a word.  (2.W.1)  | Multiplication: Geometry  ● Children throw and catch the ball to themselves while walking in straight and curved pathways and in triangular, square and circular pathways.  (2.2.1) (2.2.2) (2.2.3)   | • Children throw the ball up, pick up a picture card of an object placed in the tyre and catch the ball. The child then has to say the name of the object in the card.  (3.2.2.) | <ul><li>Coordination</li><li>Creative thinking</li><li>Self-Awareness</li></ul>  |   |







## Agility, Balance, Coordination: throwing and catching to others

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations   | Equipment   | Safety measures  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>An equal number of players stand on one line, and an equal number face them on the other line:</li> <li>Throw and catch large balls</li> <li>Throw and catch small balls (position players close to each other)</li> <li>Throw a large ball upwards and let it bounce. Partner catches it off the bounce.</li> <li>Throw a large ball using an overhead throw.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve throwing and catching skills.</li> <li>Work with others safely</li> <li>Use throwing and catching simple games.</li> <li>Build a short story around a theme.</li> <li>Count numbers and perform simple number operations.</li> <li>Create drawing/picture to depict a story.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase distance between players.</li> <li>Set challenge: how many catches can you make before the ball is dropped?</li> <li>Use the widest possible range of light throwing objects.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>A variety of balls and other objects that can be thrown: empty boxes, rings.</li> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles as markers.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use lightweight or soft balls only</li> <li>Keep space while playing</li> <li>Watch out for others particularly when collecting and chasing object</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross curric   | ular links   |   |  |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS  | Life Skil   | ls Enhanced  |
| Form simple sentences  • As each child throws the ball they speak a short sentence on a selected topic or theme that builds into a short story.  (2.LS.3) (3.LS.6) (4.LS.8)   | Numbers • Estimate how many times your team will catch the ball before it is dropped. Compare this with how many times the ball was actually caught before it was dropped. Use these two figures to undertake simple number operations. (2.1.4) (2.1.5)  | Creativity • Children create a short comic strip from the topic or theme built in English activity. (3.7.1)  | <ul><li>Creative Thinl</li><li>Problem Solvi</li><li>Effective Com</li></ul>  | ng   |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Throwing and catching games

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment   | Safety measures  |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>1-2-3-4</li> <li>Players make a square shape. Pass the ball from player one to two, two to three and so on. How many passes occur before you drop the ball?</li> <li>Circle ball</li> <li>Teacher or one child stands in the middle of the circle.</li> <li>Ball is passed by the player standing inside the circle to the outside players in order around circle.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use throwing and catching skills to play simple games.</li> <li>Be ready to catch the ball.</li> <li>Improve the action of throwing and catching.</li> <li>Watch and track the ball through the air.</li> <li>Build a working proficiency in English.</li> <li>Identify basic 2-D shapes of objects.</li> <li>Follow direction while throwing the ball.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Reduce the size of ball, or change the object being thrown (e.g. small box)</li> <li>Increase the distance between the players.</li> </ul>                        | <ul> <li>Initially use larger, softer balls. As children become competent introduce different balls and other equipment like small cycle tyres.</li> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles as markers.</li> <li>Letter cards</li> <li>Soft toys.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use soft or light equipment only.</li> <li>Keep space while playing.</li> <li>Watch out for others particularly when collecting and chasing objects.</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross curricula   | nr links   |   |  |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life Skill  | s Enhanced   |
| <ul> <li>Building a working proficiency in the language</li> <li>Circle ball: Each child in the circle is given one letter of the alphabet (worn around their neck). Children must throw the ball in the correct order to spell a word (e.g. table) (3.W.1)</li> </ul>  | Geometry  • Throw and catch soft cotton objects of different shapes (rectangle, square and triangle). Children to recognise the shapes and use their names appropriately (2.2.1)  | Directions • In 1-2-3-4 game, teacher calls out the name of a direction (e.g. south west) & the child has to throw towards the partner standing in that direction. (3.5.1) | <ul><li>Problem solvin</li><li>Decision makir</li><li>Self-Awareness</li></ul>  | ng   |
|   |   |  |   |  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Rolling a ball

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Around the circle</li> <li>Pass ball around the circle of players.</li> <li>Monkey in the center</li> <li>Ball is passed around in the circle. The player in the middle tries to stop the ball by catching inbetween. If the player in the middle succeeds she/he changes places with the child who threw the ball.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use throwing and catching skills to play simple game.</li> <li>Be ready to catch the ball.</li> <li>Improve the actions of throwing and catching.</li> <li>Watch and track the ball through the air.</li> <li>Use comparative words in speech.</li> <li>Perform addition &amp; subtraction of multiples.</li> <li>Explain rules of a game.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Reduce the size of the ball, or change the object being thrown (e.g. empty boxes)</li> <li>Increase the distance between players.</li> </ul> | • Initially use larger, softer balls. As children become competent introduce different balls and other equipment like cycle tyres & empty boxes. | <ul> <li>Use soft or light equipment only.</li> <li>Keep space while playing.</li> <li>Watch out for others particularly when collecting and chasing objects.</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross curricula  | ır links  |  |  |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Ski   | lls Enhanced   |
| Build a working proficiency in the language  • When playing the games use different sized balls. During the lesson expose the children to the comparative forms of relevant vocabulary. For example, 'throw the large ball to Renu', 'throw the largest ball to Rajesh' etc. (2.LS.6) (3.LS.5) (4.LS.3) (5.LS.3)   | Mental Arithmetic • Each time a child catches the ball they mentally add a multiple of ten. Keep going until the ball is caught by the child in the middle. This can be repeated with children subtracting multiples of ten from 100.  (2.1) (2.1.4) (2.1.5)   | • Ask children to explain the rules of the game 'monkey in the center' in their own words. (3.8.1)  | <ul><li>Problem Sol</li><li>Effective Co</li><li>Teamwork</li></ul>  | ving<br>mmunication  |
|  |  |   |  |  |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Movement with a ball

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Dribble/tap a ball with the hand.</li> <li>Dribble/tap a ball with a stick.</li> <li>Dribble/tap a ball with a bat.</li> <li>Dribble/tap a ball with a foot.</li> <li>Dribble a ball by bouncing it downwards (as in basketball).</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Dribble a ball in different ways.</li> <li>Understand what it means to dribble a ball.</li> <li>Use different ways to dribble a ball.</li> <li>Improve neuro muscular coordination.</li> <li>Read sentence written on the cards.</li> <li>Perform subtraction of numbers.</li> <li>Record time taken for different activities.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use recycled bottles to create zigzag pathway for children to follow.</li> <li>Use smaller balls.</li> <li>Roll cycle tyres.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Variety of ball,<br/>bats and stick.</li> <li>Lime powder<br/>or bottles as<br/>markers.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Watch out for others when moving.</li> <li>Alert others if the ball rolls into their path.</li> <li>Be careful when chasing a ball that has rolled away</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross curricul   | ar links   |  |   |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS  | Life Skil  | ls Enhanced   |
| Visual familiarity with text  • Sentence cards are placed near the marker (bottle). Children dribble the ball to the bottle and pick up a card. They read the sentence as written on the card.  (3.R.1) (3.R.3) (4.R.6)  | Subtraction  • Count the number of times you tap the ball while dribbling it. Subtract this number from a given number. (2.1) (2.1.5)  | • Follow directions and compare time taken for performing the different activities. (3.6.2) (4.5.2)  | <ul><li>Teamwor</li><li>Problem</li><li>Self-Awa</li></ul>   | Solving   |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Zigzag pathways

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Arrange recycled bottles in a way that players have to move in zigzag pathways:</li> <li>Dribble a ball with the hand</li> <li>Dribble a ball with a stick</li> <li>Dribble a ball with a bat</li> <li>Dribble a ball with the feet</li> <li>Dribble a ball by bouncing it downwards (as in basketball)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Dribble a ball in and out of recycled bottles.</li> <li>Keep the ball under control.</li> <li>Use different ways to dribble a ball.</li> <li>Improve neuro muscular coordination.</li> <li>Read words and find their apposites.</li> <li>Arrange objects in order of their weight.</li> <li>Match fruit names with their colours.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Challenge the children:<br/>How many circles can<br/>your team complete in<br/>two minutes.</li> <li>Roll cycled tyres</li> <li>Reduce the distance<br/>between the recycled<br/>bottles</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Variety of balls, bats and sticks.</li> <li>Lime powder or markers.</li> <li>Recycled bottles and markers for moving around.</li> <li>Cycle tyres.</li> <li>Word cards</li> <li>Flash cards showing objects of varied weight.</li> <li>Word cards of fruits names and colours.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Watch out for others when moving.</li> <li>Alert others if the ball rolls into their path.</li> <li>Be careful when chasing a ball that has rolled away.</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross curri   | cular links  |  |  |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life Skills E  | nhanced  |
| Exposure to written inputs • Place words next to one another of the bottles in the middle and the opposites of these words near a bottle placed at the end. Dribble the ball and collect a word from the middle bottle. Dribble the ball to the end bottle and find its opposite e.g. hot and cold. (3.LS.8) (5.LS.6)       | Weight • Place flash cards with pictures of objects of different weights near the bottle placed at the end. One at a time children dribble the ball and collect one flash card. When all the teams have had their turns the children put the flash cards in ascending order according the weight of the objects.  (2.3.2) (3.3.2) (4.4.2)             | • Place word cards of fruits at one end and word cards of colour names at the other. Children dribble the ball and collect a fruit name first and then find its colour name. (3.1.1) (4.1.1)                 | <ul> <li>Decision Mak</li> <li>Problem Solv</li> <li>Coordination</li> </ul>   | ing  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Hitting and kicking

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures   |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Roll, kick or hit the ball between two markers. One player stands by the markers to collect the ball and roll it to the next players.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Learn a basic kicking action</li> <li>Use a stick to hit a ball</li> <li>Kick and hit a ball accurately</li> <li>Use different equipments effectively</li> <li>Recite rhyming words</li> <li>Keep match scores by addition and subtraction</li> <li>Identify and classify plants.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the distance from the markers.</li> <li>Decrease the size of the goal area.</li> <li>Include a dribbling action so each player has to dribble the ball about five meters and then try to the target or score a goal.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Different sized balls, bats and sticks</li> <li>Recycled bottles (as markers)</li> <li>Lime powder or makers</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Hit, kick and roll the ball in one direction or away from each other</li> <li>Return balls by rolling them</li> <li>When waiting stand away from the player who is striking or kicking the ball</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross curricula   | r links   |  |   |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS   | Life Ski   | lls Enhanced  |
| To recite rhyming words  • Each team is given a word (e.g. jack). Each child has to say a rhyming word before they roll the ball (e.g. back) (4.R.2)      | Mental Arithmetic  • Award 1, 2 or 3 points each time a 'goal' is scored. Have five attempts each. Keep your own score or a team score (2.1) (2.1.4)  | • Each child is given the name of a plant. He/she has to identify it's type (herb/ shrub/ climber/ aquatic/ etc.) before rolling the ball. (3.1.1.) (3.4.1)   |  | ision Making<br>ative Thinking  |





Agility, Balance, Coordination: Throwing at targets

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations   | Equipment   | Safety measures                                |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Throw empty boxes, balls and other object to land on or in targets.</li> <li>Throw a ball to land, in or on different targets.</li> <li>Roll the ball to try and knock down blocks or markers.</li> <li>Play game of Hopscotch</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve accuracy of throwing</li> <li>Throw underarm and overarm</li> <li>Use different equipment effectively</li> <li>Roll and throw objects accurately</li> <li>Identify opposites of words</li> <li>Measure distances using non-standard units</li> <li>Identify vegetables as part of a plant</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the distance from the target</li> <li>Decrease the size of the target</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Variety of objects that can be thrown</li> <li>Lime powder or markers, recycled bottles, boxes or ropes to make targets</li> <li>Word cards</li> </ul> | Throw in one direction or away from each other |
|   | Cross curricu   | lar links  |   |  |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS  | Life Skill  | s Enhanced                                     |
| <ul> <li>Comprehension of spoken and written words</li> <li>Each time a target is hit, the child picks up a word placed at the target and speaks its opposites e.g. 'short X tall'. <ul> <li>(3.LS.8) (5.LS.6)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                                 | Measurement • Ask the children to measure the distance between the start line and the targets using non-standard units of measurement. Use non-standard measurements to place targets at specific distances from the start line (2.3.1) (4.4.2)   | Classification • Each child is given the name of a vegetable. He/she has to identify the part of the plant that we eat before scoring for the target to win an additional point. (3.1.1) (3.4.1) (4.4.2) | • Decisio   | on Making.                                     |
|   |   |  |   |  |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Throwing at targets

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment   | Safety measures                                 |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>Throw empty boxes, balls and other object to land on or in targets.</li> <li>Throw a ball to land in, or on different targets.</li> <li>Throw a box in a marker.</li> <li>Play game of Hopscotch</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve accuracy of throwing</li> <li>Throw under and overarm</li> <li>Use different equipment effectively</li> <li>Roll and throw objects accurately</li> <li>Identify opposites of words</li> <li>Differentiate between a straight line and a curve</li> <li>Measure distance using non-standard units</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the distance from the markers</li> <li>Decrease the size of the target</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Variety of objects that can be thrown: balls, empty boxes</li> <li>Lime powder or markers, recycled bottles to make targets</li> <li>Word cards</li> </ul> | Throw in one direction or away from each other. |
|   | Cross curricula  | r links   |   |   |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Ski  | lls Enhanced                                    |
| Comprehension of spoken and written words  • Each time a target is hit, the child picks up a word and says its opposite e.g. 'empty,' full' (3.LS.8) (5.LS.6)   | <ul> <li>Geometry</li> <li>Children to:</li> <li>Roll the ball into the target (tyre/ho</li> <li>Throw the ball in the target.</li> <li>Throw the ball by making a chest processor of the difference of tween straight lines and curves based the motion of the ball.</li> <li>(2.2.4)</li> </ul>                            | the targets using non-standard of measureme Use non-stand   | een<br>nd<br>ng<br>units<br>nt.<br>ard<br>o to<br>t   | n Solving                                       |







Agility, Balance, Coordination: Take Aim

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment   | Safety measures                                |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| <ul> <li>How to play In teams</li> <li>Divide the group into four equal teams. Each team stands one behind each other at four throwing stations, with the target at centre. Provide a different object for each team to throw. Take it in turns to throw the object into the target. Score 1 point for each object that successfully reaches the target. When everyone had their turn move to the next throwing station.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve accuracy of throwing.</li> <li>Begin to know what makes successful throw.</li> <li>Play with others.</li> <li>Compare &amp; write simple sentences.</li> <li>Add up scores in a game.</li> <li>Compare the strength used in throwing different objects.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the distance from the target.</li> <li>Decrease the size of the target</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Variety of objects that can be thrown.</li> <li>Lime powder, recycled bottles, buckets and ropes to make targets.</li> <li>Word cards</li> </ul> | Use soft objects only.                         |
|   | Cross curricula   | ır links  |   |  |
| English   | Mathematics   | EVS   | Life Ski  | lls Enhanced                                   |
| <ul> <li>Write simple short sentences</li> <li>Put word cards into a box. When children are successful at getting the object into the target they collect a word from the box. The winning team is the team that has sufficient words to frame a sentence.</li> <li>(2.W.2)</li> </ul>  | of the game add up the individual scores to arrive at a team score.   | <ul> <li>Measurement (size &amp; weights)</li> <li>Ask teams to take turn in throwing different objects. In the end, discuss what object was the easiest to throw and why? (3.6.1)</li> </ul> | • Co-c  | ating Thinking.<br>operation.<br>olem Solving. |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Hitting and kicking

| Activities  | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment   | Safety measures  |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| <ul> <li>In groups</li> <li>An equal number of players stand on one line, and an equal number of players face them standing on the other line at a distance.</li> <li>Kick a ball</li> <li>Hit a ball using sticks, cricket bats and balls.</li> <li>Hit or kick a ball to a wall.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve hitting and kicking skills.</li> <li>Improve muscle strength.</li> <li>Hit and kick a ball to someone else.</li> <li>Hit with power.</li> <li>Identify plural forms of words.</li> <li>Give expanded forms of numbers.</li> <li>Identify eating habits of animals.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the distance.</li> <li>Use small balls</li> <li>Use different equipment like cricket bats, and balls.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Various balls.</li> <li>Various equipments that can be used to hit a ball: bats, sticks.</li> <li>Lime powder or recycled bottles as markers.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use soft balls and equipment that is appropriate for young children (small sticks.)</li> <li>Keep space.</li> <li>Watch out for others particularly when collecting and chasing objects.</li> </ul> |
|   | Cross curricula  | nr links  |   |  |
| English   | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Ski  | lls Enhanced   |
| Comprehension of spoken words.  • Children on one half of the team are given a word in its singular form. Prior to hitting or kicking the ball the child will say the word. The child on the opposite team will give the plural of the word before returning the ball. (3.LS.5)               | Numbers • Prior to hitting the ball, the first child in the team says one number (e.g. 42.). The second child will give the expanded form of the number and pass the ball back to the first team (2.1.) (3.1)  | • The first child says the name of an animal (e.g. deer) and hits the ball. The second child will say if the animal is a herbivore, an omnivore or carnivore before throwing the ball back. (3.1.2) (3.4.1) | • Dec   | ertiveness<br>ision Making<br>olem Solving   |









Agility, Balance, Coordination: Tag games

| • One player is nominated as the catcher. The rest of the group runs around, staying in a defined area. When the catcher touches someone they must stand still with their arms outstretched until another player 'frees' them by going under one of their outstretched arms.  Roll tag  • One player has a ball. The rest of the group run around, staying in a defined area. The player with the ball true to the basic rules of simple games.  Roll tag  • One player has a ball. The rest of the group run around, staying in a defined area. The player with the ball true to that the ball at the ball touches the playing, he/she is either out or gets a turn to hit the ball.  Cross curricular links  Comprehension of spoken words.  • During the lesson introduce as many action words as possible and ask the children to use them appropriately. For example, "All is running', Hema is chasing me'. (3.15.5) ((3.15.6) (4.15.3) (4.15.7) (5.1.5.5)  ((3.15.6) (4.15.3) (4.15.7) (5.1.5.5) | Activities  | Use these Activities to:  | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures   |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| English  Comprehension of spoken words.  • During the lesson introduce as many action words as possible and ask the children to use them appropriately. For example, "Ali is running', Hema is chasing me'. (3.LS.5) ((3.LS.6) (4.LS.7) (5.LS.5)  • Mathematics  EVS  Life Skills Enhanced  • Coordination  • Discuss good touch/bad touch with children and address issues of discrimination if any. (3.8.2)  • Problem Solving  | <ul> <li>One player is nominated as the catcher. The rest of the group runs around, staying in a defined area. When the catcher touches someone they must stand still with their arms outstretched until another player 'frees' them by going under one of their outstretched arms.</li> <li>Roll tag</li> <li>One player has a ball. The rest of the group run around, staying in a defined area. The player with the ball tries to hit the other players by rolling the ball at their feet. If the ball touches the player, he/she is either out or gets a</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>balancing skills in games activities.</li> <li>Run, swerve, dodge and flee.</li> <li>Move and change direction quickly.</li> <li>Know and play according to the basic rules of simple games.</li> <li>Use action words appropriately in sentences.</li> <li>Add and subtract while playing.</li> <li>Understanding good/bad touch and develop sensitivity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Increase the number of catchers.</li> <li>When caught, the player to stand with legs apart. To be freed another player must crawl through his/her legs.</li> <li>Roll tag</li> <li>Increase the number of</li> </ul> | • Lime powder or markers to create a defined playing area. | <ul> <li>Watch out for others.</li> <li>Be careful when collecting balls that may stray into their playing</li> </ul> |
| Comprehension of spoken words.  ◆ During the lesson introduce as many action words as possible and ask the children to use them appropriately. For example, '"Ali is running', Hema is chasing me'. (3.LS.5) ((3.LS.5) (4.LS.7) (5.LS.5)  Comprehension of spoken words.  ◆ Give every child a number between 1-9 randomly. Every time a child is hit with the ball she/he adds or subtracts his/her number from the number that the hitter has.  Coordination  ◆ Discuss good touch/bad touch with children and address issues of discrimination if any. (3.8.2)   |   | Cross curricula   | nr links  |  |   |
| <ul> <li>During the lesson introduce as many action words as possible and ask the children to use them appropriately. For example, "Ali is running", Hema is chasing me". (3.LS.5) ((3.LS.5) (4.LS.7) (5.LS.5)</li> <li>Give every child a number between 1-9 randomly. Every time a child is hit with the ball she/he adds or subtracts his/her number from the number that the hitter has.</li> <li>Discuss good touch/bad touch with children and address issues of discrimination if any. (3.8.2)</li> <li>Problem Solving touch with children and address issues of discrimination if any. (3.8.2)</li> </ul>  | English   | Mathematics   | EVS   | Life Ski   | lls Enhanced  |
|   | <ul> <li>During the lesson introduce as<br/>many action words as possible and<br/>ask the children to use them appro-<br/>priately. For example, "Ali is run-<br/>ning, Hema is chasing me. (3.LS.5)</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Give every child a number<br/>between 1-9 randomly. Every<br/>time a child is hit with the ball<br/>she/he adds or subtracts his/<br/>her number from the number<br/>that the hitter has.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Discuss good touch/bad<br/>touch with children and<br/>address issues of dis-</li> </ul>   | • Emp  | oathy   |





**GRADE 2: CARD 18**Agility, Balance, Coordination: Dog and the Bone

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Children stand in two lines facing each other. Place an empty box in a tyre in the middle of both the lines of students. Teacher calls out a number, say 5. The 2 players numbered 5, run and try to pick up the box. The player who is successful runs back to their place with the box.</li> <li>When the children understand the game let the players who is unsuccessful at getting the box chase the player who has the box. If the player with the box gets back to their place before the chaser catches them they score 1 point.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use agility, coordination and balancing skills in games activities.</li> <li>Run, dodge and flee.</li> <li>Learn to avoid being caught.</li> <li>Know and play to the basic rules of simple games.</li> <li>Frame words from letter.</li> <li>Count money.</li> <li>Create stories from word card.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use different formation e.g. circle, square.</li> <li>Collect different objects.</li> <li>Collect more than one object.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lime powder or markers to create a defined playing area.</li> <li>Soft ball</li> <li>Empty boxes.</li> <li>Letter cards</li> <li>Paper money</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Keep spaced out.</li> <li>Watch out for others.</li> <li>Be careful when collecting balls that may stray into their playing areas.</li> </ul> |
|  | Cross curricula  | nr links  |  |  |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS   | Life Ski   | lls Enhanced   |
| <ul> <li>Comprehension of spoken words</li> <li>Dog and Bone: Instead of a box children pick up a letter from the tyre. When all the children have had their turn the team frames a word using the letters they have collected. (2.W.1.)</li> </ul>  | Money • Dog and Bone: Instead of a box children pick up as many currency notes as they can. How much money have you managed to pick up? Team members to add the total of their respective teams. (2.6) (3.1.7)   | • Children pick up word cards of random objects, animals or birds. In the end, the group tries to build a story/poem from the words.  (3.7.1) | • Coo  | ative Thinking<br>rdination<br>ertiveness  |
| <b>5</b>   |  |   | 89   |  |







#### Agility, Balance, Coordination: Symmetric and asymmetric shapes

| 8 ,  | ,                                     | 9   | 1                     |         |   |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------|---|--|--|
| Activities   | Use these Activities to:              | Variations  | Equipme               | ent     | Safety measures   |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Class activities.</li> <li>Hold static balances in symmetric on different body parts.</li> <li>1) Lie on your back and lift your legs up in the air.</li> <li>2) Sit on the ground, stretch your arms sideways and lift your legs up in the air.</li> <li>3) Lie on your stomach and lift your arms and leg in the air.</li> <li>4) Lie on your stomach and push your body up with the force of your arms (like a push-up)</li> <li>Hold static balances in a symmetry or different body parts.</li> <li>In continuation of (4) above, raise one of your legs in the air.</li> <li>Lie down on your side, and raise one arm and one leg (which is on the upper side).</li> <li>Stand straight, spread your arms in your front and raise a leg backwards.</li> </ul> | Hold position of static bal-          | <ul> <li>Combine more balances.</li> <li>Combine symmetric and asymmetric jumps with the balances.</li> </ul> | Mats or a so surface. |         | <ul> <li>Keep spaced out when performing the balances.</li> <li>Watch out for others.</li> <li>Hold the balances for the count of 3.</li> </ul> |  |  |
|  | Cross curricular links                |   |                       |         |   |  |  |
| English  | Mathematics                           | EVS   | ]                     | Life Sk | ills Enhanced   |  |  |
| Recognise small and capital forms of the   | Patterns Individually, with a partner | Measurement While performing these  | nhyci                 |         | reative Thinking  |  |  |

# English alphabet.

• Individually and with a partner form different capital letters with the symmetrical and asymmetrical activities above. Say whether they are symmetric or asymmetric shapes.

Individually, with a partner and in small groups create patterns of regular, symmetric shapes: e.g. square (4.6.2)(5.3.2)

While performing these physical activities, other students to estimate the distance between legs and arms when they are spread out, using non-standard units like hand span footsteps etc. (3.6.1)

Teamwork









**GRADE 2: CARD 20**Agility, Balance, Coordination: Rhythmic Activities

| Activities   | Use these Activities to:   | Variations  | Equipm                      | ent  | Safety measures  |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------|------|--|
| <ul> <li>Class activities.</li> <li>Jumping Jacks: Begin with feet together. Jump and land with feet wide apart. Jump and land with feet together. Keep repeating this movement continuously.</li> <li>Basic step touch: Begin with feet together. Step onto the right foot. Join both feet together. Step onto the left foot. Join both feet together.</li> <li>Stairs: Imitate climbing the stairs on a stepped up piece of land. Keep repeating this movement like climbing a flight of stairs.</li> <li>Fun with Alphabet: <ol> <li>V-step: Begin with feet together. Step out diagonally with right foot. Step out diagonally with left foot. Rhythmically step back diagonally with one foot at a time to return back to original position.</li> <li>A-step: Begin with feet together and sideways. Step out diagonally with the right foot. Step out diagonally with one foot at a time to return back to original position.</li> </ol> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Improve neuro-muscular coordination.</li> <li>Improve flexibility.</li> <li>Move to a beat and count the beat.</li> <li>Coordinate different stepping patterns.</li> <li>Follow simple instructions</li> <li>Create patterns in different directions</li> <li>Understand the meaning of traffic symbols.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Master these basic moves from both sides (right and left).</li> <li>Include the use of arms (swinging; wage-like arm movements).</li> <li>Change the music intensity and style.</li> <li>Use claps/ribbons.</li> </ul> | • Music                     |      | Perform thee action on non-slip-<br>pery floor<br>surface. |
|  | Cross curricular li  | nks   |                             |      |  |
| English  | Mathematics  | EVS   |                             | Life | Skills Enhanced  |
| Follow simple instructions  • Ask the children to listen, and follow the instructions carefully. Use pictures and words to provide the instruction so that children read and comprehend what they are reading. (3.LS.5) (4.LS.3) (4.R.3.) (5.LS.3) (5.R.2)   | Patterns • Create patterns by stepping in different directions, individually and in groups. Use ribbons or string to show the patterns that emerge.  (3.5.1)   | My surrounding  • Teacher to use significations signals (e.g. red, years) go left, go right) to dren perform while ing such directions.  (3.2.2)  | ellow, green,<br>make chil- |      | • Creativity   |







**GRADE II: CARD 21** 

## Agility, Coordination , listening, singing, body awareness

| Use these Activities to   | Variations   | Equipment  | Safety measures  |
|---|--|--|--|
| <ul><li>Know the different parts of the body;.</li><li>Introduce the body tracing</li></ul>   | Display students<br>worked on the walls<br>of the classroom;.  | <ul> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>Piece of paper</li> <li>Stationery items;</li> </ul>  | Airy well ventilated room, conducive envit.  |
| Cross Ct  | ırricular Links  |  |  |
| Mathematics   | Li   | fe Skills Enhanced   | d  |
| Counting numbers;<br>At the end of the activities, the<br>children count the number of<br>objects each one has and makes<br>comparisons of "more" and"<br>less" | <ul><li>Creative Thinking</li><li>Self awareness</li></ul>   |  |  |
|   | of the body;.  Introduce the body tracing activity to the students;.  Review body parts with the students;.  Display outline review each body parts;.  Mathematics  Counting numbers; At the end of the activities, the children count the number of objects each one has and makes comparisons of "more" and" | <ul> <li>Know the different parts of the body;.</li> <li>Introduce the body tracing activity to the students;.</li> <li>Review body parts with the students;.</li> <li>Display outline review each body parts;.</li> <li>Mathematics</li> <li>Counting numbers; At the end of the activities, the children count the number of objects each one has and makes comparisons of "more" and"</li> <li>Display students worked on the walls of the classroom;.</li> <li>My body parts song with gesture</li> <li>Creative Thinking</li> <li>Self awareness</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Know the different parts of the body;.</li> <li>Introduce the body tracing activity to the students;.</li> <li>Review body parts with the students;.</li> <li>Display students worked on the walls of the classroom;.</li> <li>My body parts song with gesture</li> <li>Stationery items;</li> <li>Stationery items;</li> <li>Cross Curricular Links</li> <li>Mathematics</li> <li>Creative Thinking</li> <li>Self awareness</li> </ul> |







**GRADE II: CARD 22** 

#### Agility, Balance, Coordination, crossing and walking

| Activities                         | Use these Activities to:                            | Variations              | Equipment                           | Cafaty maggings |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                    |   |                         | Equipment                           | Safety measures |
| Class activities                   | <ul> <li>Sing or recite collectively</li> </ul>     | Walk in play-           | <ul> <li>Images of traf-</li> </ul> | Keep spaced     |
| Recite the poem with appropriate   | songs or poem with actions.                         | ground.                 | fic light.                          | out.            |
| gestures.                          | • Understand basic concept s of                     | Walk around             | <ul> <li>Chart paper</li> </ul>     | Watch out for   |
| Ιν γρουπσ                          | directions.   | different places.       | , toys with                         | other while     |
| Τηε χηιλδρεν σηουλδ ρεχιτε τηε     | $\mathcal{C}$                                       |                         | wheels.                             | driving and     |
| ποεμ ον τηειρ οων.                 | traffic light.                                      |                         |                                     | walking.        |
| Ιδεντιφψ χολουρσ– ρεδ,ψελ–         | <ul> <li>Make play dough wheels and</li> </ul>      |                         |                                     |                 |
| λοω,γρεεν.                         | roll them around.                                   |                         |                                     |                 |
| Λεαρν αβουτ ωηεελσ                 | <ul> <li>Learn wheels go faster than</li> </ul>     |                         |                                     |                 |
| Πιχκ υπ α τοψ χαρ σπιν ιτσ         | people are walking ;                                |                         |                                     |                 |
| ωηεελσ                             | <ul> <li>Used to identify which is fast-</li> </ul> |                         |                                     |                 |
| Classroom activities               | est and which goes furthest                         |                         |                                     |                 |
| Arrange the children in I a line   | before it can stop.                                 |                         |                                     |                 |
| across one end of a room or in the |   |                         |                                     |                 |
| playground.                        |   |                         |                                     |                 |
| Give each child a toy car.         |   |                         |                                     |                 |
|                                    |   |                         |                                     |                 |
|                                    | Cross Curricula                                     | r Links                 |                                     |                 |
| English                            | Mathematics   | Li                      | ife Skills Enhanced                 | 1               |
| Recite and sing poems              | Direction and qualitative under-                    | • looking and listening | ıg skills.                          |                 |
| • Recognize the meaning of traffic | standing of time.                                   | • Confidence building   | 0                                   |                 |
| light.                             | Children begin to understand                        |                         |                                     |                 |
|                                    | which activity the think takes'                     |                         |                                     |                 |
|                                    | the longest'  |                         |                                     |                 |
|                                    | And which one takes " the short-                    |                         |                                     |                 |





est "sp an of time.

# Learning Outcomes Coding Document Grade 1: English

| English                   | Code  | Learning Outcomes   |
|---------------------------|-------|---|
| Listening<br>(1.L)        | L.1   | Carries out simple instructions such as 'Shut the door', 'Bring me the book', and such others.                                    |
| Listening and<br>Speaking | LS.1  | Associates words with pictures.   |
| (1.LS)                    | LS.2  | Names familiar objects seen in the pictures.  |
|                           | LS.3  | Recognizes letters and their sounds A-Z   |
|                           | LS.4  | Recites poems/rhymes with actions.  |
|                           | LS.5  | Responds orally (in any language including sign language) to comprehension questions related to stories/poems                     |
|                           | LS.6  | Identifies characters and sequence of a story and asks questions about the story.   |
|                           | LS.7  | Listens to English words, greetings, polite forms of expression, simple sentences, and responds in English /home language /signs. |
|                           | LS.8  | Talks about self/situations/pictures in English.  |
|                           | LS.9  | Uses nouns such as 'boy', 'sun', and prepositions like 'in', 'on', 'under, etc.   |
|                           | LS.10 | Produces words with common blends like "br" "fr" like 'brother', frog' etc.   |
| Reading<br>(1.R)          | R.1   | Differentiates between small and capital letters in print/Braille   |
| Writing (1.W)             | W.1   | Writes simple words like fan, hen, rat etc.   |
|                           | W.2   | Draws/ scribbles in response to poems and stories.  |

## **Grade 1: Mathematics**

| Mathe | ematics          | Code  | Learning Outcomes  |
|-------|------------------|-------|--|
|       | nbers<br>1.1)    | 1.1.1 | Counts objects using numbers 1 to 9.   |
| (-    | (2.2)            |       | Constructs addition facts up to 9 by using concrete objects. For example to find 3+3 counts 3 steps forward from 3 onwards and concludes that 3+3=6.   |
|       |                  | 1.1.3 | Subtracts numbers using 1 to 9. For example the child takes out 3 objects from a collection of 9 objects and counts the remaining to conclude 9-3=6  |
|       |                  | 1.1.4 | Solves day to day problems related to addition & subtraction of numbers up to 9.   |
|       |                  | 1.1.5 | Works with numbers 1 to 20   |
|       |                  | 1.1.6 | Recites number names and counts objects up to 20, concretely, pictorially and symbolically   |
|       |                  | 1.1.7 | Compares numbers up to 20. For example tells whether number of girls or number of boys is more in the class.   |
|       |                  | 1.1.8 | Applies addition and subtraction of numbers 1 to 20 in daily life  |
|       |                  | 1.1.9 | Recognizes numbers up to 99 and writes numerals.   |
|       | try Basic        | 1.2.1 | Describes the physical features of various solids/shapes in her own language. For example- a ball rolls, a box slides etc.   |
| (1    | 1.2)             | 1.2.2 | Classifies objects into groups based on some physical attributes like shape, size and other observable properties including rolling and sliding.   |
|       | arement<br>1.3)  | 1.3.1 | Estimates and measures short lengths using non uniform units like a finger, hand span, length of a forearm, footsteps, etc.  |
|       | terns<br>1.4)    | 1.4.1 | Observes, extends and creates patterns of shapes and numbers. For example arrangement of shapes/ objects/ numbers, etc. like  • 1,2,3,4,5,   |
|       | Analysis<br>1.5) | 1.5.1 | Collects, records (using pictures/ numerals) and interprets simple information by looking at visuals. (For example in a picture of a garden the child looks at different flowers and draws inference that flowers of a certain colour are more). |

# **Grade 2: English**

| English                   | Code | Learning Outcomes   |
|---------------------------|------|---|
| Listening and<br>Speaking | LS.1 | Sings songs/rhymes with action.   |
| (2.LS)                    | LS.2 | Responds to comprehension questions related to stories and poems, in home language/English/ sign language, orally and in writing (phrases/ short sentences) |
|                           | LS.3 | Identifies characters, and sequence of events in a story  |
|                           | LS.4 | Expresses verbally her/his opinion and asks questions about the characters, storyline, etc., in English/ home language                                      |
|                           | LS.5 | Listens to English words, greetings, polite forms of expression, and responds in English/home language like 'How are you?', 'I'm fine, thank you.'etc.      |
|                           | LS.6 | Uses simple adjectives related to size, shape, colour, weight, texture such as 'big', 'small', 'round', 'pink' 'red' 'heavy' 'light' 'soft' etc.            |
|                           | LS.7 | Uses pronouns related to gender like 'his/her/, 'he/she', 'it' and other pronouns like 'this/that', 'here/there' 'these/those' etc.                         |
|                           | LS.8 | Uses prepositions like 'before', 'between'' etc.  |
| Reading<br>(2.R)          | R.1  | Identifies characters, and sequence of events in a story.   |
| Writing (2.W)             | W.1  | Draws/ writes a few words/short sentence in response to poems and stories.  |
|                           | W.2  | Composes and writes simple, short sentences with space between words.   |

## **Grade 2: Mathematics**

| Mathematics         | Code  | Learning Outcomes  |
|---------------------|-------|--|
| Numbers             | 2.1   | Works with two digit numbers   |
| (2.1)               | 2.1.1 | Reads and writes numerals for numbers up to 99.  |
|                     | 2.1.2 | Uses place value in writing and comparing two digit numbers.   |
|                     | 2.1.3 | Forms the greatest and smallest two digit numbers (with and without repetition of given digits).   |
|                     | 2.1.4 | Solves simple daily life problems/situations based on addition of two digit numbers.   |
|                     | 2.1.5 | Solves daily life situations based on subtraction of two digit numbers.  |
|                     | 2.1.6 | Represents an amount up to Rs. 100 using 3-4 notes and coins (of same/ different denominations).   |
| Geometry Basic      | 2.2   | Describes basic 3D and 2D shapes with their observable characteristics   |
| Shapes<br>(2.2)     | 2.2.1 | Identifies 2D shapes (rectangle, square, triangle, circle) by their names  |
|                     | 2.2.2 | Identifies basic 3D-shapes such as cuboid, cylinder, cone and sphere by their names  |
|                     | 2.2.3 | Traces 2D outlines of 3D objects.  |
|                     | 2.2.4 | Distinguishes between straight and curved lines.   |
|                     | 2.2.5 | Draws/ represents straight lines in various orientations (vertical, horizontal, slant).  |
| Measurement (2.3)   | 2.3.1 | Estimates and measures length/distances and capacities of containers using uniform non-standard units like a rod/pencil, cup/spoon/bucket etc.                 |
|                     | 2.3.2 | Compares objects as heavier/lighter as using simple balance.   |
| Time                | 2.4.1 | Identifies the days of the week and months of the year   |
| (2.4)               | 2.4.2 | Sequences the events occurring according to their duration in terms of hours/days, for example ,does a child remain in school for longer period than at home ? |
| Data Analysis (2.5) | 2.5.1 | Draws inference based on the data collected such as 'the number of vehicles used in Samir's house is more than that in Angeline's'.                            |
| Money (2.6)         | 2.6.1 | Identifies the values of currency notes up to 100/coins and performs addition and subtraction operations.  |

# **Learning Outcomes Matrix**

# **Grade 1: English**

| English                       | Code  | Learning Outcomes   | Pedagogic Processes  | Resources  |
|-------------------------------|-------|---|--|--|
| Listening (1.L)               | L.1   | Carries out simple instructions such as 'Shut the door', 'Bring me the book', and such others.                                    | Carries out simple instructions given in English or inhome language.   | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>1, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18<br>and 19 |
| Listening and Speaking (1.LS) | LS.1  | Associates words with pictures.   | Name common objects (like man, dog etc.) when pictures are shown Listen to instructions and draw a picture                             | LEC Grade 1: Card 4,<br>8, 18                        |
|                               | LS.2  | Names familiar objects seen in the pictures.  | Name common objects (like man, dog etc.) when pictures are shown   | LEC Grade 1: Card 8, 11, 18                          |
|                               | LS.3  | Recognizes letters and their sounds A-Z   | Develop phonemic awareness through activities focusing on different sounds, emerging from the words in stories and texts.              | LEC Grade 1: Card 6                                  |
|                               | LS.4  | Recites poems/rhymes with actions.  | Sing/recite collectively songs/ poems/ rhymes with action  | LEC Grade 1: Card 2, 5, 7, 14 and 19                 |
|                               | LS.5  | Responds orally (in any language including sign language) to comprehension questions related to stories/poems                     | Respond in home language/English/sign language/<br>non-verbal expressions what he/she has understood in<br>the story/poem              | LEC Grade 1: Card 3 and 20                           |
|                               | LS.6  | Identifies characters and sequence of a story and asks questions about the story.   |  |  |
|                               | LS.7  | Listens to English words, greetings, polite forms of expression, simple sentences, and responds in English /home language /signs. | Use greetings like "good morning", "thank you" and have polite conversations in English like "what is your name?", "how are you?" etc. | LEC Grade 1: Card 3, 9, 15                           |
|                               | LS.8  | Talks about self/situations/pictures in English.  | Respond in English/sign language/non-verbal expressions about himself/herself, situations and pictures                                 | LEC Grade 1: Card 11 and 20                          |
|                               | LS.9  | Uses nouns such as 'boy', 'sun', and prepositions like 'in', 'on', 'under, etc.   |  | LEC Grade 1: Card 17                                 |
|                               | LS.10 | Produces words with common blends like "br" "fr" like 'brother', frog' etc.   |  |  |
| Reading (1.R)                 | R.1   | Differentiates between small and capital letters in print/Braille   |  | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>12, 13                          |
| Writing (1.W)                 | W.1   | Writes simple words like fan, hen, rat etc.   | Write simple 3-letter words based on phonemic awareness  | LEC Grade 1: Card 4                                  |
|                               | W.2   | Draws/ scribbles in response to poems and stories.  |  |  |

## **Grade 1: Mathematics**

| Mathematics   | Code  | Learning Outcomes  | Pedagogic Processes   | Resources                                 |
|---------------|-------|--|---|---|
| Numbers (1.1) | 1.1.1 | Counts objects using numbers 1 to 9.   | Count objects like, students may take out objects up to 9 from a given collection of objects such as picking any 8 leaves /4 beads/6 ice-cream sticks etc, from the given box   | LEC Grade 1: Card 2, 5, 11, 12, 19 and 20 |
|               | 1.1.2 | Constructs addition facts up to 9 by using concrete objects. For example to find 3+3 counts 3 steps forward from 3 onwards and concludes that 3+3=6. | Explore different strategies to add numbers up to 9 like counting on forward and using already known addition facts.  | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>2, 9                 |
|               | 1.1.3 | Subtracts numbers using 1 to 9. For example the child takes out 3 objects from a collection of 9 objects and counts the remaining to conclude 9-3=6  |   |   |
|               | 1.1.4 | Solves day to day problems related to addition & subtraction of numbers up to 9.   | Use different strategies like aggregation, counting forward, using addition facts, etc. to extend addition up to 20 (sum not exceeding 20)  | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>9, 16                |
|               | 1.1.5 | Works with numbers 1 to 20   | Take out objects up to 20 from a given collection of objects (E.g. Pick 4 balls, 6 sticks, 18 coins etc.)   | LEC Grade 1: Card 3, 8, 11, 12, 18 and 20 |
|               | 1.1.6 | Recites number names and counts objects up to 20, concretely, pictorially and symbolically   |   | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>12 and 20            |
|               | 1.1.7 | Compares numbers up to 20. For example tells whether number of girls or number of boys is more in the class.   | Use words like 'more than', 'less than' or 'equal to' through<br>the strategy of one to one correspondence in objects in two<br>groups.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 3,<br>11 and 19         |
|               | 1.1.8 | Applies addition and subtraction of numbers 1 to 20 in daily life  | <ul> <li>Use different strategies like aggregation, counting forward, using addition facts, etc. to extend addition up to 20 (sum not exceeding 20)</li> <li>Develop different strategies of taking away through objects/pictures, to understand the concept of subtraction.</li> <li>Count in groups of tens and ones for numbers more than 20. Like, 38 has 3 groups/bundles of ten each and 8 loose (ones).</li> </ul> | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>3, 16                |
|               | 1.1.9 | Recognizes numbers up to 99 and writes numerals.   |   | LEC Grade 1: Card 8                       |

| Geometry Basic<br>Shapes<br>(1.2) | 1.2.1 | Describes the physical features of various solids/shapes in her own language. For example- a ball rolls, a box slides etc.  | Handle concrete materials or models and classify them. For example, objects which are round in shape like chapati, ball roll etc. and which are not round such as pencil box, slide. | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>10, 18    |
|-----------------------------------|-------|---|--|--------------------------------|
|                                   | 1.2.2 | Classifies objects into groups<br>based on some physical attributes<br>like shape, size and other observ-<br>able properties including rolling<br>and sliding.  | Handle concrete materials or models and classify them. For example, objects which are round in shape like chapati, ball roll etc. and which are not round such as pencil box, slide. | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>10        |
| Measurement (1.3)                 | 1.3.1 | Estimates and measures short<br>lengths using non uniform units<br>like a finger, hand span, length of<br>a forearm, footsteps, etc.  | Finds short lengths in their immediate environment. Using non uniform units like finger, hand span, length of a forearm, footsteps, etc.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 1, 7, 12, 17 |
| Patterns (1.4)                    | 1.4.1 | Observes, extends and creates patterns of shapes and numbers. For example arrangement of shapes/ objects/ numbers, etc. like  1,2,3,4,5,  1,3,5,  1,2,3,1,2,, 1,3,  | Conduct classroom discussions on observation of pattern and allow them to describe in their own language. Let children find what will come next and justify the answer.              | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>15        |
| Data Analysis<br>(1.5)            | 1.5.1 | Collects, records (using pictures/<br>numerals) and interprets simple<br>information by looking at visuals.<br>(For example in a picture of a<br>garden the child looks at different<br>flowers and draws inference that<br>flowers of a certain colour are<br>more). | Observe and collect information from the visuals, contexts/situations such as number of items.   | LEC Grade 1: Card<br>6, 14     |



# **Grade 2: English**

| English                             | Code | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Pedagogic Processes   | Resources                                   |
|-------------------------------------|------|---|---|---|
| Listening and<br>Speaking<br>(2.LS) | LS.1 | Sings songs/rhymes with action.   | Sing/recite collectively songs/poems/rhymes with action.  | LEC Grade 1: Card 2, 5, 14, 19              |
|                                     | LS.2 | Responds to comprehension questions related to stories and poems, in home language/<br>English/ sign language, orally and in writing (phrases/ short sentences) |   |   |
|                                     | LS.3 | Identifies characters, and sequence of events in a story  | Ask simple questions, for example, on characters, places, the sequence of events in the story, etc. (Ensure clear lip movement for children with hearing impairment to lip read.) | LEC Grade 2: Card 7                         |
|                                     | LS.4 | Expresses verbally her/his opinion and asks questions about the characters, storyline, etc., in English/ home language  |   |   |
|                                     | LS.5 | Listens to English words, greetings, polite forms of expression, and responds in English/home language like 'How are you?', 'I'm fine, thank you.'etc.          | Respond orally in home language/English/sign language/non-verbal expressions.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 1 & 3                     |
|                                     | LS.6 | Uses simple adjectives related to size, shape, colour, weight, texture such as 'big', 'small', 'round', 'pink' 'red' 'heavy' 'light' 'soft' etc.                | Write 2-3 sentences describing common events using adjectives, prepositions and sight words like "This is my dog. She is a big dog. She runs behind me."                          | LEC Grade 2: Card 9                         |
|                                     | LS.7 | Uses pronouns related to gender like 'his/<br>her/, 'he/she', 'it' and other pronouns like<br>'this/that', 'here/there' 'these/those' etc.                      | Use appropriately pronouns related to gender such as 'he', 'she', 'his', 'her', and demonstrative pronouns such as 'this', 'that', 'these', 'those'.                              |   |
|                                     | LS.8 | Uses prepositions like 'before', 'between'' etc.  | Use appropriately prepositions such as 'before', 'between' etc.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 17<br>LEC Grade 2: Card 3 |
| Reading (2.R)                       | R.1  | Identifies characters, and sequence of events in a story.   |   |   |
| Writing<br>(2.W)                    | W.1  | Draws/ writes a few words/short sentence in response to poems and stories.  | Write 2-3 simple sentences about stories/poems.   | LEC Grade 2: Card 18                        |
|                                     | W.2  | Composes and writes simple, short sentences with space between words.   | Write 2-3 simple sentences about stories/poems.   | LEC Grade 2: Card 6 & 15                    |

## **Grade 2: Mathematics**

| Mathematics   | Code  | Learning Outcomes  | Pedagogic Processes  | Resource  |
|---------------|-------|--|--|---|
| Numbers (2.1) | 2.1   | Works with two digit numbers   | Identify number naming & number writing patterns, read and write numbers up to 99.  Apply the understanding of place value of numbers while grouping & recognising them. | LEC Grade 2: Card 9, 10, 12, 15, 16 and 17                        |
|               | 2.1.1 | Reads and writes numerals for numbers up to 99.  | Identify number naming & number writing patterns, read and write numbers up to 99.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 8<br>LEC Grade 2: Card 5                        |
|               | 2.1.2 | Uses place value in writing and comparing two digit numbers.                                     | Apply the understanding of place value of numbers while grouping & recognising them.   | LEC Grade 2: Card 1, 4<br>& 5                                     |
|               | 2.1.3 | Forms the greatest and smallest two digit numbers (with and without repetition of given digits). | Identify number naming & number writing patterns, read and write numbers up to 99.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 8<br>LEC Grade 2 Card 1, 7, 9,<br>12, 15 and 17 |
|               | 2.1.4 | Solves simple daily life problems/situations based on addition of two digit numbers.             |  |   |
|               | 2.1.5 | Solves daily life situations based on subtraction of two digit numbers.                          | Explore situations in which addition and subtraction of numbers is required. For example combining two groups, enlarging a group by adding more objects.                 | LEC Grade 1: Card 3<br>LEC Grade 2: Card 7, 9,<br>10 and 17       |
|               | 2.1.6 | Represents an amount up to Rs. 100 using 3-4 notes and coins (of same/ different denominations). |  |   |

| Geometry Basic<br>Shapes<br>(2.2) | 2.2   | Describes basic 3D and 2D shapes with their observable characteristics   |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
|                                   | 2.2.1 | Identifies 2D shapes (rectangle, square, triangle, circle) by their names  | Classify shapes based on their physical attributes through cut out/ paper folds of different shapes.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 1, 15<br>LEC Grade 2: Card 3, 6<br>& 8 |
|                                   | 2.2.2 | Identifies basic 3D-shapes such as cuboid, cylinder, cone and sphere by their names  | Classify shapes based on their physical attributes through cut out/ paper folds of different shapes.   | LEC Grade 2: Card 6                                      |
|                                   | 2.2.3 | Traces 2D outlines of 3D objects.  | Trace different faces of 3D objects on paper and naming their corresponding 2D Shapes.   | LEC Grade 2: Card 6                                      |
|                                   | 2.2.4 | Distinguishes between straight and curved lines.   |  | LEC Grade 2: Card 14                                     |
|                                   | 2.2.5 | Draws/ represents straight lines in various orientations (vertical, horizontal, slant).  |  |  |
| Measurement (2.3)                 | 2.3.1 | Estimates and measures length/distances and capacities of containers using uniform non-standard units like a rod/pencil, cup/spoon/bucket etc.                 | Measure different lengths/ distances by using uniform but non-standard unit.   | LEC Grade 1: Card 13, 17<br>LEC Grade 2: Card 13         |
|                                   | 2.3.2 | Compares objects as heavier/lighter as using simple balance.   | Discuss and share the experiences of children while they observe different balances for weighing objects.  Construct their own balance (simple) and weigh and compare the weights of different things around them. | LEC Grade 2: Card 11                                     |
|                                   |       |  | Compare the capacity of two or more containers.  |  |
| Time                              | 2.4.1 | Identifies the days of the week and months of the year   |  |  |
| (2.4)                             | 2.4.2 | Sequences the events occurring according to their duration in terms of hours/days, for example ,does a child remain in school for longer period than at home ? |  | LEC Grade 1: Card 4                                      |
| Data Analysis<br>(2.5)            | 2.5.1 | Draws inference based on the data collected such as 'the number of vehicles used in Samir's house is more than that in Angeline's'.                            |  |  |
| Money (2.6)                       | 2.6.1 | Identifies the values of currency notes up to 100/coins and performs addition and subtraction operations.  | Add up to numerical value of Rs. 100, by using concrete play money of different denominations  | LEC Grade 2: Card 2, 18                                  |





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